BEGIN - APRIL 3, 1959

30 24- 6665

A19WX(BJTS)
(750) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER
BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

GETTYSBURG, PA., APRIL 4 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SAID TODAY THE FACTS OF INTERNATIONAL LIFE TOLERATE NO APPEASEMENT OF RUSSIA -- IN BERLIN OR ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD.

WHEREVER THEY OCCUR AND WHATEVER THE FORM OR COST, EISENHOWER TOLD AN ATTENTIVE COLLEGE AUDIENCE, "COMMUNIST CHALLENGES MUST ALWAYS BE ANSWERED BY THE FREE WORLD."

"THE COURSE OF APPEASEMENT," HE SAID, "IS NOT ONLY DISHONORABLE, IT IS THE MOST DANGEROUS ONE WE COULD PURSUE."

THE PRESIDENT TERMED UNTHINKABLE ANY IDEA OF SACRIFICING TWO MILLION GERMANS IN WEST BERLIN. HE SAID IT WOULD MERELY "EMBOLDEN THE COMMUNISTS TO STEP UP THEIR CAMPAIGN" OF WORLD DOMINATION.

EQUALLY, HE SAID, THE COMMUNIST MENACE MUST BE MET BY ASSURING GREATER TRADE TO JAPAN AND GREATER MILITARY AND ECONOMIC AID TO SOUTH VIET NAM.

IN A FOREIGN POLICY PRONOUNCEMENT AT LITTLE GETTYSBURG COLLEGE, EISENHOWER ERECTED NO BARRICADES IN THE PATH TO A PROSPECTIVE SUMMIT CONFERENCE WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

THE UNITED STATES AND ITS FRIENDS, HE SAID, SEEK TO AVOID WAR, TO "SUBSTITUTE . . . THE CONFERENCE TABLE FOR THE BATTLEFIELD." WHILE REJECTING APPEASEMENT, HE ALSO SPOKE OUT AGAINST RIGIDITY OR STUBBORNNESS IN DEALING WITH THE SOVIETS.

IN SOMETHING OF A ROLE OF A VISITING PROFESSOR, THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE APPEARED AT AN OUTDOOR CONVOCATION TO LECTURE ON "THE NEED FOR GREATER INDIVIDUAL AND COLLECTIVE UNDERSTANDING OF THE INTERNATIONAL FACTS OF TODAY'S LIFE" AND THE THREAT TO FREEDOM FROM ATHEISTIC DICTATORSHIP.

THE SPEECH WAS BROADCAST NATIONWIDE.

THE SETTING WAS COLORFUL BUT COLD -- THE ATHLETIC STADIUM OF A LUTHERAN COLLEGE OF 1,600 ENROLLMENT WHICH WAS OBSERVING ITS 127TH ANNIVERSARY.

A BRISK WIND WHIPPING ACROSS THE FOOTBALL GRIDIRON MADE THE 48 DEGREE TEMPERATURE SEEM MORE FRIGID.

PERHAPS 4,000 STUDENTS, FACULTY MEMBERS AND VISITORS SHIVERED IN THE BLEACHERS AND IN CHAIRS ON THE RUNNING TRACK. MANY OF THEM PUT BLANKETS AND THERMOS JUGS TO GOOD USE.

A STAND HASTILY ENCLOSED IN PLASTIC ON THREE SIDES SHELTERED EISENHOWER AS HE SPOKE FROM A BUNTING DRAPED PLATFORM.

THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. EISENHOWER CAME TO WHAT WAS ESSENTIALLY A GATHERING OF THEIR NEIGHBORS. THEIR FARM ESTATE IS JUST A COUPLE MILES FROM THE COLLEGE. THEY ARRIVED AFTER THE ACADEMIC PROCESSION ENDED, BUT EACH WORE ACADEMIC ROBES.

THE FIRST LADY, WHO RECEIVED AN HONORARY DEGREE ON MARCH 14 FROM ST. JOSEPH COLLEGE AT EMMITSBURG, MD., ABOUT 15 MILES FROM HERE, CLUTCHED AT HER MORTAR BOARD WITH A WHITE-GLOVED HAND.

SHE GOT A SPECIAL INTRODUCTION. HER HUSBAND TOUCHED OFF A LAUGH WHEN HE AROSE AND TENDERED HER A DEEP, COURTLY BOW.

ORDINARILY A CHIEF EXECUTIVE WOULD HAVE RECEIVED AN HONORARY DEGREE ON SUCH AN OCCASION. BUT EISENHOWER ALREADY HAD RECEIVED ONE FROM THE COLLEGE, IN 1946. INSTEAD, HE WAS AWARDED A PLAQUE CITING HIS "SERVICE TO THE NATION."

HONORARY LAW DEGREES WERE BESTOWED ON SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR FRED SEATON AND ON PENNSYLVANIA DISTRICT JUDGE W. CLARENCE SHEELY OF GETTYSBURG.

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AS HE CAME AND WENT, EISENHOWER GOT A BIG HAND FROM THE CROWD. BUT THE SPEECH ITSELF WASN'T OF A TYPE TO STIR UP RINGING APPLAUSE.

THE ADDRESS APPEARED DESIGNED PARTLY TO STIFFEN THE NATO ALLIES, WHOSE FOREIGN MINISTERS WERE WINDING UP TALKS IN WASHINGTON, IN RESISTANCE TO RUSSIAN MANUEVERS TO OUST THE WESTERN POWERS FROM BERLIN.

BUT IN THE MAIN IT WAS AN APPEAL FOR HIS $3,900,000,000 FOREIGN AID PROGRAM, WHICH IS UNDER FIRE IN CONGRESS.

EISENHOWER TOLD HIS AUDIENCE THAT "MUTUAL SECURITY AND AMERICAN SECURITY ARE SYNONYMOUS."

"A FREE AMERICA," HE SAID, "CAN EXIST ONLY AS PART OF A FREE WORLD, AND A FREE WORLD CAN CONTINUE TO EXIST ONLY AS IT MEETS THE RIGHTFUL DEMANDS OF PEOPLE FOR SECURITY, PROGRESS AND OPPORTUNITY. THIS IS WHY THE DEVELOPMENT OF SOUTH VIET NAM AND SOUTHEAST ASIA IS IMPORTANT; WHY JAPANESE EXPORT TRADE IS IMPORTANT; WHY FIRMNESS AT BERLIN IS IMPORTANT.

"IT IS WHY COMMUNIST CHALLENGES MUST ALWAYS BE ANSWERED BY THE FREE WORLD STANDING ON PRINCIPLE, UNITED IN STRENGTH AND IN PURPOSE.

"THIS IS THE TRUE MEANING OF MUTUAL SECURITY."

YET, THE PRESIDENT SAID, SOME UNINFORMED AMERICANS BELIEVE WE SHOULD TURN OUR BACKS ON OUR FRIENDS.

THE COSTS AND TAXES ARE REAL, HE SAID, WHILE THE DIFFICULTIES OF OTHERS OFTEN SEEM REMOTE. BUT THE COST OF NEGLECT OF THEIR PROBLEMS, HE SAID, WOULD BE EVEN GREATER -- IN VAST EXPENDITURES, IN A LARGER DRAFT OF MILITARY MANPOWER, AND "IN TERMS OF INCREASED DANGER TO OUR OWN SECURITY AND PROSPERITY."

BY WAY OF ADDED EMPHASIS, THE PRESIDENT DEPARTED FROM HIS TEXT AT THAT POINT TO SAY:

"NO MATTER WHAT AREA OF FEDERAL SPENDING MUST BE CURTAILED -- AND SOME SHOULD -- OUR SAFETY COMES FIRST. SINCE THAT SAFETY IS NECESSARILY BASED UPON A SOUND AND THRIVING ECONOMY, ITS PROTECTION MUST EQUALLY ENGAGE OUR EARNEST ATTENTION."

THE SPEECH SET OUT TO PROVE THAT EVEN "AT HEAVY AND IMMEDIATE SACRIFICE," THIS COUNTRY MUST HELP MANY OTHER NATIONS, PARTICULARLY THE LESS DEVELOPED ONES. TO OBTAIN GREATER MORAL, ECONOMIC AND MILITARY STRENGTH.

IN SUPPORT OF HIS POINT, EISENHOWER MARSHALLED IN A SORT OF ABC OUTLINE STYLE THE INTERNATIONAL FACTS OF LIFE AS HE SEES THEM, AND APPLIED THEM TO BERLIN, JAPAN AND VIET NAM AS TYPICAL BUT VARYING EXAMPLES OF NATIONS DESERVING ASSISTANCE.

HE LISTED THESE AS SOME OF HIS FACTS:

1. THE FIRST AND MOST IMPORTANT IS "THE IMPLACABLE AND FREQUENTLY EXPRESSED PURPOSE OF IMPERALISTIC COMMUNISM TO PROMOTE WORLD REVOLUTION, DESTROY FREEDOM AND COMMUNIZE THE WORLD," BY METHODS RANGING FROM PROPAGANDA TO FORCE.

2. THE COST OF SECURITY TO THIS COUNTRY IS ABOUT 47 BILLION DOLLARS EVERY YEAR -- ABOUT $275 FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD.

3. EVERY NATION IS A COMMUNIST TARGET BUT "THE WEAK AND THE MOST EXPOSED STAND IN THE MOST IMMEDIATE DANGER."

4. STEP-BY-STEP COMMUNIST SUBJECTION OF THE WEAKER FREE NATIONS WOULD INCREASE THE DANGER TO THE STRONGEST.

"CLEARLY," EISENHOWER SUMMED UP, "THE SELF-INTEREST OF EACH FREE NATION IMPELS IT TO RESIST THE LOSS TO IMPERIALISTIC COMMUNISM OF THE FREEDOM AND INDEPENDENCE OF ANY OTHER NATION."

AGAINST THIS BACKGROUND, HE SAID, IT IS TO BE UNDERSTOOD THAT THE MERE HANDING OVER OF THE CITY OF BERLIN COULD NOT POSSIBLE SATISFY THE COMMUNISTS. RATHER, HE SAID, IT WOULD MERELY ENCOURAGE THEM TO GREATER EFFORTS TOWARD A LONG-RANGE OBJECTIVE OF WORLD DOMINATION.

"BERLIN IS A TENSION POINT BECAUSE THE KREMLIN HOPES TO ELIMINATE IT AS A PART OF THE FREE WORLD." EISENHOWER CONTINUED.

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"NATURALLY, THEY ALWAYS PICK THE MOST AWKWARD SITUATION, THE HARD-TO-DEFEND POSITION, AS THE PLACE TO TEST OUR STRENGTH AND TO TRY OUR RESOLUTION. THERE WILL NEVER BE AN EASY PLACE FOR US TO MAKE A STAND, BUT THERE IS A BEST ONE."

THAT SPOT, THE PRESIDENT SAID, IS WHERE PRINCIPLE POINTS -- A PRINCIPLE THAT "WHENEVER FREEDOM IS DESTROYED ANYWHERE, WE ARE, OURSELVES, BY THAT MUCH WEAKENED."

JAPAN, THE PRESIDENT SAID, MUST BE BOLSTERED BECAUSE THE COUNTRY "IS AN ESSENTIAL COUNTERWEIGHT TO COMMUNIST STRENGTH IN ASIA."

GIFTS OF MILITARY OF ECONOMIC AID AREN'T THE SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM THERE, EISENHOWER SAID -- WHAT JAPAN NEEDS IS MORE TRADE WITH OTHER LANDS. HE CALLED ON AMERICAN TO STUDY ITS TRADE RELATIONS WITH THAT COUNTRY, WHILE CONCEDING THERE MUST BE PROTECTION AGAINST FLOODING HOME MARKETS WITH FOREIGN-MADE GOODS.

VIETNAM OFFERS STILL ANOTHER FACET OF THE PROBLEM OF FRONTING UP TO COMMUNIST THREATS, EISENHOWER SAID, BECAUSE THAT COUNTRY NEEDS BOTH MILITARY AND ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.

THE SOUTHERN HALF, HE SAID, IS FREE BUT ECONOMICALLY WEAK, AND THE NORTHERN HALF IS COMMUNIST CONTROLLED ND GARRISONED BY SEVERAL RED DIVISIONS.

COMMUNIST CAPTURE OF THE SOUTHERN HALF OF THE COUNTRY, HE SAID, WOULD BRING RED POWER SEVERAL HUNDRED MILES DEEPER INTO FREE TERRITORY AND MENACE THE FLANKS OF OTHER SOUTHEAST ASIA NATIONS.

"WE REACH THE INESCAPABLE CONCLUSION," EISENHOWER SAID, "THAT OUR OWN NATIONAL INTERESTS DEMAND SOME HELP FROM US IN SUSTAINING IN VIET NAM THE MORALE, THE ECONOMIC PROGRESS AND THE MILITARY STRENGTH NECESSARY TO ITS CONTINUED EXISTENCE IN FREEDOM."

JA410PES

B60WX Q
(300)

ADVANCE FOR 1030AM EST TODAY

IKE-ASIAN

(ADVANCE) GETTYSBURG, PA., APRIL 4 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY URGED WESTERN NATIONS TO LIBERALIZE TRADE RELATIONS WITH JAPAN TO AVOID DRIVING IT INTO THE COMMUNIST CAMP.

AT THE SAME TIME EISENHOWER POINTED TO FREE VIET NAM IN SOUTHEAST ASIA AS ONE OF THE COUNTRIES WHICH NEEDS MILITARY AND ECONOMIC AID FROM THE UNITED STATES TO KEEP FROM BEING CRUSHED BY THE REDS.

THE PRESIDENT DEALT WITH THE PLIGHT OF JAPAN AND VIET NAM IN A FOREIG POLICY SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE GETTYSBURG COLLEGE SPRING CONVOCATION. HE SPOKE OF THE TWO NATIONS IN PLUGGING HARD FOR THE PRINCIPLES OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S $3,900,000,000 (B) FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

HITTING OUT AT WHAT HE TERMED UNINFORMED AMERICANS WHO CRITICIZE THAT SPENDING PROGRAM, EISENHOWER SAID THE INTERNATIONAL FACTS OF TODAY'S LIFE MAKE IT IMPERATIVE TO UNDERSTAND THAT WORLD FREEDOM IS THREATENED BY ATHEISTIC DICTATORSHIP.

EISENHOWER CALLED JAPAN'S INDUSTRIAL POWER "THE HEART OF ANY COLLECTIVE EFFORT TO DEFEND THE FAR EAST AGAINST AGGRESSION." HE CALLED JAPAN A NATION WHICH MUST EXPORT TO LIVE AND ADDED THAT ITS ONCE THRIVING TRADE WITH ASIA NOW IS LARGELY GONE.

"HER PROBLEMS GROW MORE GRAVE," EISENHOWER SAID IN APPEALING TO INDUSTRIALIZED WESTERN NATIONS, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES, TO OPEN THE WAY TO FREER TRADE WITH JAPAN.

"FOR JAPAN," HE SAID, "THERE MUST BE FREE WORLD OUTLETS FOR HER PRODUCTS. SHE DOES NOT WANT TO BE COMPELLED TO BECOME DEPENDENT AS A LAST RESORT UPON THE COMMUNIST EMPIRE."

IN THE FREE PART OF VIET NAM, EISENHOWER SAID, MILITARY AS WELL AS ECONOMIC HELP IS NEEDED.

NOTING THAT NORTH VIET NAM IS COMMUNIST. THE PRESIDENT SAID THE FREE SOUTHERN AREA IS WEAK AND POOR AND COULD FALL TO RED CONQUEST.

"STRATEGICALLY, SOUTH VIET NAM'S CAPTURE BY THE COMMUNISTS WOULD BRING THEIR POWER SEVERAL HUNDRED MILES INTO A HITHERTO FREE REGION," EISENHOWER SAID.

"THE REMAINING COUNTRIES IN SOUTHEAST ASIA WOULD BE MENACED BY A GREAT FLANKING MOVEMENT. THE FREEDOM OF 12 MILLION PEOPLE WOULD BE LOST IMMEDIATELY, AND THAT OF 150 MILLION OTHERS IN ADJACENT LANDS WOULD BE SERIOUSLY ENDANGERED."

WE954AESNM

A61WX
(400 UP)
AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD NATO (ROUNDUP)

BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-THE 15 ATLANTIC PACT NATIONS SOLEMNLY PUT RUSSIA ON NOTICE TODAY OF THEIR UNITED DETERMINATION TO DEFEND WESTERN RIGHTS IN BERLIN AS WELL AS THE RIGHTS OF ITS TWO MILLION FREE PEOPLE.

AT THE END OF A 10TH ANNIVERSARY MEETING, THEY REAFFIRMED THEIR READINESS TO NEGOTIATE AN HONORABLE SETTLEMENT OF GERMAN PROBLEMS--PROVIDED IT DOES NOT IMPERIL FREE WORLD SECURITY.

PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION, URGED NEWSMEN TO PROCLAIM THIS UNITY IN UNMISTAKABLE TERMS TO KEEP RUSSIA FROM A "TOTALLY DANGEROUS MISCALCULATION" THAT MIGHT SPARK A WAR.

ONLY "DIFFERENCES IN SHADING AND OPINION," AS HE PUT IT, REMAIN AMONG THE ALLIES. HE SAID ANY OTHER IMPRESSION IS TOTALLY FALSE.

"WHEN THE NEGOTIATIONS START WITH THE SOVIET THE SINGLE FRONT OF THE WEST WILL BE THERE," HE SAID.

THE "THREE-DAY ALLIED STRATEGY REVIEW ENDED AS PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, SPEAKING IN GETTYSBURG, CAUTIONED AGAINST THE DANGERS OF BELIEVING RUSSIA CAN BE APPEASED INTO ABANDONING ITS DREAM OF INTERNATIONAL CONQUEST.

"THE COURSE OF APPEASEMENT IS NOT ONLY DISHONORABLE," EISENHOWER SAID IN AN ADDRESS, "IT IS THE MOST DANGEROUS ONE WE COULD PURSUE."

THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE RELEASED TESTIMONY BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL FIGHT WITH EVERYTHING IT HAS, INCLUDING NUCLEAR MISSILES AND GROUND TROOPS, IF THE SOVIETS USE MAJOR FORCE AGAINST BERLIN.

MCELROY AND GEN. NATHAN TWINING, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, SAID DAY AND NIGHT PLANNING IS UNDER WAY ON HOW TO ACT ON VARIOUS SITUATIONS THAT MIGHT ARISE OUT OF THE BERLIN CRISIS, INCLUDING MOVES SHORT OF GENERAL WAR.

THEY TESTIFIED MARCH 18 IN SUPPORT OF EISENHOWER'S FOUR BILLION DOLLAR FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

AS THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS ARRANGED TO LEAVE FOR HOME, THERE WERE SIGNS THAT A TOUGHER NEGOTIATING POSITION HAD BEEN HAMMERED OUT UNDER PRESSURE FROM WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S GOVERNMENT.

A TEAM OF AMERICAN, BRITISH, FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN WORKING EXPERTS WILL DRAFT FINAL PROPOSALS BEGINNING APRIL 13 IN LONDON. THESE WILL BE REVIEWED BY FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING IN PARIS OR GENEVA AND OFFERED TO RUSSIA AT A BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE OPENING IN GENEVA MAY 11.

TO MEET RUSSIA'S DEMANDS FOR AN END TO FOUR-POWER RULE IN BERLIN, THE WESTERN BIG THREE WERE REPORTED CONSIDERING THESE OFFERS:

1. NEW ARRANGEMENTS MAINTAINING FULL WESTERN ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN, BUT ONLY IF THEY ARE BASED ON CONTINUING SOVIET RECOGNITION OF WESTERN BIG THREE RIGHTS TO BE THERE AS WARTIME CONQUERORS OF NAZI GERMANY.

2. CREATING A SPECIAL COMMISSION WHICH WOULD BRING EAST AND WEST GERMANS TOGETHER ON A NON-GOVERNMENTAL LEVEL TO INCREASE ECONOMIC, TECHNICAL AND CULTURAL CONTACTS BETWEEN THE TWO AREAS. THIS WOULD RULE OUT FORMAL RECOGNITION OF THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN REGIME.

3. DISCUSS A SPECIAL ARMS CONTROL ZONE IN CENTRAL EUROPE, INCLUDING AT LEAST PARTS OF EAST AND WEST GERMANY. THIS WOULD SEEK TO LIMIT TROOPS AND WEAPONS BUT WOULD BE LINKED TO PROGRESS IN REUNIFYING GERMANY.

THE SHAPE OF THE ALLIED VIEWS CLEARLY REFLECTED WEST GERMANY'S FIRM INSISTENCE THAT NOTHING BE DONE WHICH WOULD REMOTELY HARDEN THE EAST-WEST DIVISION OF GERMANY. THE WEST GERMANS WERE REPORTED TO HAVE DROPPED PREVIOUS DEMANDS THAT FREE ELECTIONS MUST BE THE FIRST STEP TOWARD GERMAN UNITY BUT AT THE SAME TIME TO HAVE ARGUED THEY SHOULD NOT BE RULED OUT.

THE WEST GERMANS ALSO INSISTED, INFORMANTS SAID, THAT NO ARRANGEMENTS SHOULD BE CONCLUDED WHICH IMPLIED FINAL RECOGNITION OF RUSSIA'S RIGHT TO GIVE PART OF EAST GERMANY TO POLAND AFTER WORLD WAR II. THE GERMANS WERE REPORTED READY TO PLEDGE AVOIDANCE OF FORCE IN REGAINING THIS TERRITORY.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U.S. DELEGATION, IN A CONTINUING DRIVE TO DISPEL REPORTS OF IMPORTANT ALLIED DIFFERENCES, HAILED THE ATLANTIC PACT TALKS AS AN UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS.

"WE ARE ENCOURAGED BY THE UNSWERVING FIRMNESS OF THE POSITION OF OTHER MEMBERS OF NATO ON BERLIN AND GERMANY," SAID ANDREW H. BERDING, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

THE 700-WORD FINAL COMMUNIQUE SUMMING UP THE RESULTS OF THE MEETING SAID DELEGATES EXPRESSED "FULL AGREEMENT ON THE BROAD LINES OF POLICY" TO BE FOLLOWED IN SETTLING GERMAN ISSUES. A KEY PARAGRAPH SAID:

"WHILST STATING ITS DESIRE TO SEE OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS SOLVED BY NEGOTIATION THE COUNCIL CONFIRMED ITS UNANIMOUS DETERMINATION TO MAINTAIN THE FREEDOM OF THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN AND THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE ALLIED POWERS, AS EXPRESSED IN THE COUNCIL'S DECLARATION ON BERLIN ON 16TH DECEMBER, 1958."

A CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MOVE TO GIVE THE UNITED NATIONS A ROLE IN EASING BERLIN TENSION APPEARED TO HAVE AROUSED LITTLE ENTHUSIASM AMONG THE MAIN ALLIED NATIONS.

THIS WOULD PROPOSE THAT RUSSIA AGREE TO ALLOW U.N. OBSERVERS OR FORCES OF SOME KIND TO GUARD THE 110-MILE-LONG ACCESS ROUTE FROM WEST GERMANY TO BERLIN.

EVEN THOUGH THE CANADIAN PROPOSAL WOULD MAINTAIN EXISTING ALLIED RIGHTS, AMERICAN, WEST GERMAN AND FRENCH AUTHORITIES WERE REPORTED LUKEWARM TO IT.

SPAAK TOLD A WINDUP NEWS CONFERENCE, HOWEVER, THAT THE CANADIAN PLAN CERTAINLY WOULD BE ONE OF THE NEW IDEAS TO BE WEIGHED BY THE ALLIED DIPLOMATIC EXPERTS IN DRAFTING THEIR FINAL PROPOSALS.

WHILE THE PRESENT BERLIN CRISIS DOMINATED THE MEETING, THE ATLANTIC PACT DELEGATES FORMALLY NOTED THAT INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST PRESSURE CONTINUES TO POSE A THREAT TO FREE WORLD NATIONS EVERYWHERE, INCLUDING SOME OF THE NEWLY INDEPENDANT REGIMES.

ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, WHO LED THE U.S. DELEGATION, MET SEPARATELY DURING THE DAY WITH BRITAIN'S FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD AND WEST GERMANY'S FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO. HERTER REPORTED AFTERWARD BY TELEPHONE TO AILING SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES WHO IS IN FLORIDA.

RZ448PES

A26WX

(300) SPAAK-NATO

WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, SECRETARY GENERAL OF NATO, SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES THE IDEA OF A FORMAL PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY IS NOW OBSOLETE.

AS THE 15 NATO FOREIGN MINISTERS CONCLUDED THEIR MEETING HERE, SPAAK

30.24- 6667

SAID HE PERSONALLY FEELS THE REMAINING QUESTIONS BETWEEN THE VICTORIOUS WORLD WAR II WESTERN ALLIES AND GERMANY CAN BE SETTLED OTHERWISE THAN BY A PEACE TREATY.

SPAAK MADE IT CLEAR THIS WAS HIS PERSONAL OPINION AND WAS NOT BINDING IN ANY WAY ON THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION.

"ITS SEEMS TO ME THE WEST HAS ALREADY CONCLUDED PEACE WITH THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY," SPAAK TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

EVEN AS RECENTLY AS THE END OF WORLD WAR II, HE ADDED, IT SEEMED NORMAL TO END A WAR WITH A FORMAL PEACE TREATY BUT NOW IT HAS BEEN WELL SAID THAT "TODAY NATIONS NO LONGER DECLARE WAR NOR MAKE PEACE."

MAKING HIS COMMENTS IN FRENCH, SPAAK NOTED THAT WEST GERMANY HAS BEEN ENCOURAGED TO REARM AND WAS ADMITTED TO NATO AND THAT HIS OWN COUNTRY, BELGIUM, HAS SETTLED BOUNDARY QUESTIONS BY A SEPARATE AGREEMENT.

SPAAK DECLINED TO ANSWER QUESTIONS ABOUT DETAILS OF AGREEMENTS THE FOREIGN MINISTERS REACHED DURING THEIR THREE-DAY SESSION. USING AN EQUIVALENT FRENCH EXPRESSION, HE SAIDN THESE AGREEMENTS COULD NOT BE REVEALED NOW TO EVERY TOM, DICK AND HARRY.

"THE MINISTERS DO NOT INTEND TO PUT ALL THEIR CARDS ON THE TABLE ON THE EVE OF A NEGOTIATION," HE SAID, "REFERRING TO THE FORTHCOMING MEETINGS WITH SOVIET RUSSIA. "THEY WANT TO KEEP THEIR FREEDOM OF ACTION."

SPAAK ALSO LECTURED THE INTERNATIONAL PRESS ON WHAT HE TERMED THE IMPORTANCE OF NOT STRESSING MINOR DISAGREEMENTS AND UNRESOLVED QUESTIONS. HE SAID THIS MIGHT GIVE THE RUSSIANS THE IDEA THAT THE WEST WAS APPROACHING THE NEGOTIATIONS IN DISUNITY WHEREAS IN FACT IT IS FIRMLY AGREED ON WHAT HE TERMED FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES FROM WHICH THERE WILL BE NO RETREAT.

IT WOULD BE VERY SERIOUS, SPAAK WENT ON, IF THE RUSSIANS, "SHOULD GET FALSE IMPRESSIONS OR MAKE THE WRONG CALCULATIONS."

"YOUR JOB IS NOT TO FOOL THE RUSSIANS BUT TO INFORM THEM CORRECTLY," HE TOLD THE NEWSMEN OF HALF A DOZEN NATIONALITIES COVERING THE SESSION.

AMONG THEM WAS A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE OFFICIAL RUSSIAN NEWS AGENCY, TASS.

JA147PES

A92WX

(300) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M., EST, TODAY

GRUENTHER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-BREAKING UP THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION HAS BEEN RUSSIA'S NO. 1 GOAL FOR THE LAST SEVERAL YEARS, GEN. ALFRED GRUENTHER SAID TODAY.

GRUENTHER, FORMER NATO COMMANDER, CALLED THIS "A PRETTY GOOD TRIBUTE FROM A VERY RELIABLE SOURCE." GRUENTHER, NOW RETIRED FROM THE ARMY, IS PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

SPEAKING ON A RECORDED RADIO PROGRAM SPONSORED BY THE AFL-CIO (ABC AS WE SEE IT), ON THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FORMING OF NATO, GRUENTHER SAID CERTAIN PROPOSALS FOR DISENGAGEMENT IN EUROPE MAY PRESENT "TREMENDOUS BEAR TRAPS."

"WHEN YOU MOVE SOVIET TROOPS BACK A COUPLE HUNDRED MILES, IT'S JUST A MATTER OF A DAY AND A HALF OR SO BEFORE THEY ARE BACK," GRUENTHER SAID. "IF OUR TROOPS MOVE BACK A COUPLE OF HUNDRED MILES, THEY MOVE BACK INTO THE WATER AND WHERE DO YOU TAKE THEM THEN?"

DESCRIBING WEST GERMANY AS ESSENTIAL TO NATO, GRUENTHER SAID AID AND GROUND POWER THERE IS OF "EXTREME SIGNIFICANCE TO THE SECURITY OF THE FREE WORLD."

GRUENTHER WAS ASKED IF HE AGREED WITH PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, SECRETARY GENERAL OF NATO, THAT ATOMIC ARMAMENTS SHOULD BE PROVIDED NATO ARMIES. HE REPLIED:

"THERE IS A TENDENCY IS CERTAIN AREAS TO SAY, 'YOU CAN HAVE A HARMLESS WAR, A GENTLEMAN'S WAR'. UNFORTUNATELY THOSE DAYS ARE GONE. THE ATOMIC BOMB IS HERE AND YOU CANNOT WISH IT AWAY.

"THE SOVIETS KEEP LARGE BODIES OF SO-CALLED CONVENTIONAL FORCES IN BEING. WE ARE UNABLE TO MATCH THOSE FORCES IN NUMBER, AND I DON'T THINK WE SHOULD. WE ATTEMPT TO MATCH THEM BY TECHNOLIGICAL ADVANCES, AND ONE SUCH IS THE ATOMIC WEAPON.

"IT'S NOT THE ATOMIC WEAPON THAT'S EVIL. IT'S WAR ITSELF THAT IS THE EVIL. DURING THE LAST WAR WE HAD 20-TON BLOCKBUSTERS DROPPING ON US, AND PEOPLE WERE JUST AS DEAD THEN AS THEY ARE WHEN AN ATOMIC BOMB FALLS ON THEM."

GRUENTHER, REMARKING THAT SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAS BEEN TRYING TO DIVIDE MEMBERS OF NATO, SAID HE DIDN'T THINK A SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN PROBLEM BY NEGOTIATION WOULD LESSEN THE IMPORTANCE OF THE ORGANIZATION.

"IN FACT, QUITE THE CONTRARY," GRUENTHER SAID. "WITH THE IDEA THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE OF UNITING THE COMMUNIST BLOC COUNTRIES WHICH THEY DO WITH THE GUN-IN-THE-BACK METHOD, THAT MORE THAN EVER, WE HAVE GOT TO BE CERTAIN THAT THERE IS ALLIED UNITY."

RZ&CZ628PES

1959

A84

WITH WASHINGTON

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 4 (AP)-THE SOCIALIST PARTY TODAY ACCUSED FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO OF TALKING WEST GERMANY'S ALLIES OUT OF A NEW APPROACH TO GERMAN REUNIFICATION.

THE ATTACK BY THE OPPOSITION PARTY FOLLOWED REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON THAT THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE HAD SHELVED A CALL FOR A LOOSE GERMAN CONFEDERATION UNDER THE PRESSURE FROM VON BRENTANO.

VON BRENTANO WAS REPORTED TO HAVE WON SUPPORT FOR A GRASS ROOTS APPROACH TO THE GERMAN UNITY PROBLEM BASED ON CLOSER TIES OF PEOPLE-TO-POEPLE IN BOTH HALVES OF THE DIVIDED COUNTRY.

SOME U.S. EXPERTS HERE SAID EVEN THOUGH THE VON BRENTANO PROPOSAL MIGHT NOT HAVE THE SAME IMPACT AS THE CONFEDERATION IDEA THAT GERMANY'S ALLIES WOULD NOT COME UP WITH A FORMULA UNACCEPTABLE TO THE BONN GOVERNMENT.

"IN LONDON AND WASHINGTON," THE SOCIALIST STATEMENT SAID, "THE IMPRESSION IS GROWING STRONGER AND STRONGER THAT THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT IS NOT INTERESTED IN RELAXATION OF TENSIONS IN EUROPE.

"FOR US HERE IN GERMANY THE RESULTS OF THE TALKS IN WASHINGTON ARE NOT ONLY PAINFUL BUT ABSOLUTELY DEVASTATING."

GG/BJ731AES

A53 (220)

LONDON, APRIL 4 (AP)-BRITAIN'S FIELD MARSHAL LORD MONTGOMERY, EVER HAPPY TO BE IN THE THICK OF THINGS, ANNOUNCED TONIGHT HE'S GOING TO MOSCOW TO TALK OVER "THIS CONFLICT BETWEEN EAST AND WEST."

MONTGOMERY, NOW 71 BUT STILL AS FIT AS WHEN HE LED BRITISH TANKS IN THE NORTH AFRICAN DESERT, SAID HE ASKED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IF HE COULD VISIT MOSCOW AND WAS ASSURED HE WOULD BE VERY WELCOME.

"I WANT TO TALK TO THESE PEOPLE TO SEE WHAT THEY THINK ABOUT IT ALL," HE SAID.

"I KNOW WHAT THE WEST THINKS," HE ADDED. "WE CANNOT GO ON LIVING IN THIS STATE OF TENSION."

DID MONTY, NEVER EXACTLY AN EASY CHAP TO GET ALONG WITH, BELIEVE HE COULD SMOOTH THINGS OVER?

"I CERTAINLY SHALL NOT MAKE IT WORSE," HE SAID.

MONTGOMERY, FORMER DEPUTY SUPREME COMMANDER OF NATO IN EUROPE, SAID HE PLANS TO LEAVE FOR MOSCOW APRIL 28 AND RETURN TO LONDON BY MAY 1. THAT MAKES TWO FULL DAYS IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL.

HE WAS LAST THERE IN JANUARY, 1947, ON AN OFFICIAL VISIT AS CHIEF OF THE BRITISH IMPERIAL GENERAL STAFF. HE WAS POPULAR WITH THE RUSSIANS--AND WITH STALIN.

THEY GAVE HIM A SABLE LINED GREAT COAT AND A LAMB'S WOOL HAT OF THE KIND WORN BY RUSSIAN GENERALS.

MONTGOMERY HAS LONG BELIEVED THAT SOLDIERS SHOULD DO MORE TO HELP POLITICIANS BRING ABOUT INTERNATIONAL FRIENDSHIP. THIS WAS ONE OF THE MAIN THEMES OF HIS MEMOIRS PUBLISHED LAST YEAR.

THE MEMOIRS, HOWEVER, SEEMED TO DISTURBED MORE FRIENDSHIPS THAN THEY MADE. TOP BRITISH SOLDIERS JOINED BELGIANS AND ITALIANS IN DENOUNCING THEM.

MONTGOMERY HIMSELF COMPLAINED THAT AFTER WRITING THEM HE WAS COLD SHOULDERED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WHOSE GENERALSHIP HE HAD CRITICIZED.

AS358PES

A125

FOLO LONDON

MOSCOW, APRIL 4 (AP)-RADIO MOSCOW TOLD ITS LISTENERS TODAY BRITISH FIELD MARSHAL MONTGOMERY WILL VISIT MOSCOW APRIL 28 AT HIS OWN REQUEST.

THE BROADCAST SAID MONTGOMERY COMMUNICATED WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF A VISIT AND WAS TOLD HE WOULD BE WELCOMED HOSPITABLY. IT SAID THE BRITON WILL LEAVE MOSCOW MAY 1.

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1959

A103

BY GARVEN HUDGINS (340)

LONDON, APRIL 4 (AP)-AN EXCHANGE OF PRIVATE MESSAGES BETWEEN WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADENAUER AND PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN WAS VIEWED HERE TODAY AS A SYMPTOM OF GERMANY'S CASE OF NERVES OVER NEW BRITISH THINKING ON TOP LEVEL TALKS WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

BRITISH OFFICIALS DECLINED TO COMMENT ON THE CONTENTS OF THE MESSAGES. BUT RESPONSIBLE SOURCES EXPRESSED THE OPINION ADENAUER'S NOTE OUTLINED MISGIVINGS ABOUT BRITAIN'S SUPPORT FOR THE IDEA OF A LIMITATION OF ARMAMENTS IN AN AGREED ZONE OF EUROPE WHICH WOULD BE OPEN TO INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION.

AUTHORITIES HERE REPEATED THAT BRITAIN IS ATTRACTED TO THIS IDEA BECAUSE IT WOULD OFFER THE WEST AN OPPORTUNITY TO PUT FORWARD A POSITIVE PROPOSAL IN TALKS WITH THE RUSSIANS TO COUNTER SOVIET SUPPORT OF A POLISH PLAN FOR DISENGAGEMENT.

BRITISH DIPLOMATS STRESSED THAT BRITAIN DOES NOT INTEND, THROUGH ITS SUPPORT OF THE ARMS LIMITATION IDEA, TO KEEP GERMANY DIVIDED.

THEY SAY LIMITATION OF FORCES IN AN AGREED ZONE, IF SUCCESSFUL, MIGHT PREPARE THE GROUND FOR SOME KIND OF SOLID GERMAN SETTLEMENT LATER.

BRITISH REPRESENTATIVES ALSO EMPHASIZE THAT THE SCHEME WOULD NOT BE DESIGNED TO DISCRIMINATE AGAINST THE TROOPS OF ANY ONE COUNTRY.

FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMEN WOULD NOT REVEAL THE DATE OF ADENAUER'S MESSAGE TO MACMILLAN. BUT IT WAS UNDERSTOOD TO BE IN REPLY TO A LETTER FROM MACMILLAN DATED MARCH 25 -- THE DAY HE RETURNED FROM TALKS IN WASHINGTON WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

MACMILLAN REPORTEDLY DESCRIBED IN THE NOTE HIS TALKS WITH EISENHOWER. IT'S BELIEVED HERE THAT ADENAUER WAS REASSURED. BUT THE BARE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT IN BONN YESTERDAY THAT ADENAUER HAD REPLIED STIMULATED A FEELING IN LONDON THAT THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT IS ONCE AGAIN GOING THROUGH A PERIOD OF SUSPICION AND EXTREME WORRY.

BRITISH DIPLOMATS DENY THERE IS ANY "DEEPENING RIFT" IN ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS OR BETWEEN BRITAIN AND ANY OTHER OF ITS NATO ALLIES.

THEY REITERATED THAT WHAT DIFFERENCES EXIST AMONG THE ALLIES ABOUT THE APPROACH TO TALKS WITH THE SOVIET UNION ARE POINTS OF EMPHASIS, NOT OF FUNDAMENTALS.

UK921AES

A59WX

(700) BERLIN INTERPRETIVE

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-IN THE FATEFUL DEBATE OVER BERLIN, SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IS STILL AHEAD.

THIS BECAME EVIDENT TODAY WITH THE WINDUP OF INTENSIVE CONSULTATIONS HERE AMONG FOREIGN POLICY MAKERS OF THE WESTERN POWERS DURING THE PAST WEEK.

AN OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE STRESSED THE SOLIDARITY OF THE ALLIED STAND AGAINST YIELDING TO SOVIET PRESSURES FOR WITHDRAWAL FROM WEST BERLIN. THE POSITION THUS REDEFINED FOR WHAT A CYNICAL DIPLOMAT CALLED THE UMPTEENTH TIME IS ESSENTIALLY A NEGATIVE ONE. IT DOES NOTHING TO CHALLENGE KHRUSHCHEV'S HOLD ON THE INITIATIVE.

ON THE POSITIVE SIDE THE NATO FOREIGN MINISTERS STRESSED THEIR DESIRE FOR NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA. BUT NEITHER THE COMMUNIQUE NOR AUTHORITATIVE INFORMATION FILTERED OUT THROUGH DIPLOMATIC INFORMANTS INDICATED THAT ANY IMAGINATIVE, BOLD OR ESPECIALLY NEW APPROACH HAD BEEN GENERATED. PERHAPS THE IDEA WHICH MOST IMPRESSED DELEGATES AND OBSERVERS AT THE CONFERENCE CAME FROM CANADA'S SPOKESMAN, DEFENSE MINISTER GEORGE PEARKES. HE PROPOSED THAT THE WESTERN POWERS STUDY THE POSSIBILITY OF HAVING U.N. OBSERVERS ON THE SUPPLY LINES TO BERLIN. THAT WOULD REQUIRE AGREEMENT BY RUSSIA, OF COURSE.

BEHIND THE STOUT DECLARATIONS OF SOLIDARITY THERE RAN A THREAD OF CONCERN ABOUT CONCESSIONS WHICH MIGHT BE MADE TO RUSSIA. BEHIND THE REPEATED OFFICIAL INSISTENCE ON THE UNITY OF THE NATO ALLIES IN MEETING THE SOVIET THREAT COULD BE FOUND EVIDENCE OF DISUNITY AT CRITICAL POINTS.

BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD, FOR EXAMPLE, REPRESENTS A GOVERNMENT PRESSING FOR EXTREME FLEXIBILITY IN DEALING WITH THE SOVIETS OVER GERMAN ISSUES. WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO REPRESENTS A POSITION OF MUCH GREATER RIGIDITY EVEN THAN HIS OWN GOVERNMENT IN BONN WAS BELIEVED TO HOLD TWO WEEKS AGO. APPARENTLY CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER HARDENED HIS STAND TO OFFSET BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN'S RUSH TOWARD A SUMMIT SETTLEMENT WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

THE CONSENSUS OF THE COUNCIL ON THE PROBLEM OF CONCESSIONS WAS SUMMED UP BY DIPLOMATS IN A SIMPLE FORMULA: NO CONCESSIONS TO THE REDS WHICH WERE NOT MATCHED BY CONCESSIONS FROM THE REDS.

STRICTLY AS A BARGAINING MATTER THIS MAY BE A WEAK PRINCIPLE TO GUIDE A COALITION IN NEGOTIATING WITH A DICTATOR. THE COALITION ALWAYS FACES THE DANGER OF DIVISION OVER THE PRICE TO PAY FOR CONCESSIONS IT WANTS FROM THE OTHER SIDE.

INDEED THE MERE TALK OF ANY KIND OF CONCESSION WORRIES SOME WESTERN AUTHORITIES WHO BELIEVE THE NATO MINISTERS MIGHT BETTER HAVE BEEN EXPRESSING THEIR BARGAINING POSITIONS IN TERMS OF WHAT IS REQUIRED TO MAKE THE KIND OF SETTLEMENT THEY WANT IN GERMANY.

ON EVERY HAND THIS REPORTER HEARD REFERENCES DURING THE MEETINGS HERE TO THE ABSENCE OF SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES. SUCH COMMENTS SERVED TO MAGNIFY A STRIKING FACT ABOUT THE COUNCIL MEETING ITSELF. IT WAS SINGULARLY FREE OF FORCEFUL, DECISIVE PERSONALITIES.

CHRISTIAN HERTER, LABORING UNDER THE HANDICAP OF THE TITLE OF "ACTING" SECRETARY OF STATE AND A GENTLE, SOFT VOICED MAN ANYWAY, APPARENTLY PROVED TO BE NO EXACT SUBSTITUTE FOR THE AILING, CANCER-STRICKEN SECRETARY.

FOREIGN MINISTERS MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE AND SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN NEVER SUCCEEDED--IF THEY TRIED--IN STANDING OUT ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE 15, HOWEVER LOFTY THAT MAY BE TO BEGIN WITH.

VON BRENTANO, FOLLOWING A TOUGH LINE ON ADENAUER'S ORDERS, PROBABLY HAD THE BIGGEST PERSONAL SUCCESS OF THE CONFERENCE. HE SUCCEEDED IN GETTING AGREEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE TO SHELVE A PROPOSAL GERMANY HAD EARLIER FAVORED FOR AN EAST-WEST CONFEDERATION AS AN APPROACH TO GERMAN UNITY. HE ALSO WON SUPPORT. BUT NOT A FINAL DECISION, ON DROPPING ALL THOUGHT OF

30.24- 6669

PRESENTING THE SOVIETS WITH A WESTERN DRAFT OF A PROPOSED GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND RELYING INSTEAD ON PROPOSALS BASED SIMPLY ON THE SET OF PRINCIPLES.

SUCH GAINS, HOWEVER, ARE NEGATIVE AND THEY WERE NOT APPARENTLY TOO SECURE. SOME U.S. OFFICIALS, FOR EXAMPLE, STILL THINK CONFEDERATION AFFORDS THE MOST DRAMATIC PROPOSAL WHICH CAN NOW BE MADE TO RUSSIA FOR BEGINNING REUNIFICATION. THESE OFFICIALS ALSO BELIEVE THAT IN THE LONG RUN ADENAUER AND VON BRENTANO WILL HAVE TO ACCEPT SOME RISKS IN ORDER TO MOVE AWAY FROM WHAT MANY IN WASHINGTON CONSIDER TOO RIGID AND UNINSPIRING POLICIES.

OFFICIALS OF SEVERAL DIFFERENT DELEGATIONS AGREED THAT THE RESULTS OF THE WEEK'S WORK PROBABLY COULD BE SUMMED UP BEST BY SAYING THAT IT WAS A WEEDING OUT PROCESS--IN OTHER WORDS, A NEGATIVE BUSINESS OF ELIMINATING PROPOSALS WHICH WESTERN EXPERTS ON GERMANY HAD EARLIER DEVELOPED.

SUCH SELECTIVITY IS ESSENTIAL. BUT WHEN THE TOP MEN IN WESTERN FOREIGN POLICY SPEND MOST OF THEIR TIME ON NEGATIVE ACTIONS AND EXPRESS THEIR POSITIVE VIEWS MAINLY IN TERMS OF BROAD GENERALITY, IT IS CLEAR THAT KHRUSHCHEV DOES NOT HAVE TO WORRY ABOUT MAINTAINING HIS GRIP ON THE INITIATIVE.

THE FIGURE WHO STOOD OUT MOST VIGOROUSLY IN THE CONFERENCE OF THE NATO ALLIES WAS PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, THE SHARP-SPOKEN FORMER PRIME MINISTER AND FOREIGN MINISTER OF BELGIUM, THOSE CHURCHILLIAN PUGNACITY CAN LIFT HIM ABOVE AND TO THE FOREFRONT OF ANY CROWD. BUT SPAAK IS LIMITED TO SOME EXTENT BY THE FACT THAT HE NO LONGER SPEAKS FOR A SINGLE NATION BUT FOR THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE ALLIES AS THE SECRETARY GENERAL OF NATO AND CHAIRMAN OF ITS COUNCIL.

THE WASHINGTON DISCUSSIONS WHICH ENDED TODAY DO NOT REPRESENT THE FINAL OPPORTUNITY FOR WESTERN POLICY PLANNING BY ANY MEANS. THEY WERE DESIGNED AND CONDUCTED AS PROGRESS MEETINGS. THE FOREIGN MINISTERS PLAN TO MEET AGAIN IN PARIS APRIL 29 AND IN PARIS OR GENEVA ABOUT MAY 9, IMMEDIATELY BEFORE OPENING TALKS WITH RUSSIA'S ANDREI GROMYKO ON MAY 11.

THEY MAY YET COME UP WITH IMAGINATIVE PROPOSALS WHICH WILL CAPTURE WORLD SUPPORT AND TURN THE PRESSURES OF WORLD OPINION TO WORK FOR THE WEST. BUT IT PROMISES TO BE A DIFFICULT TASK, COMPLICATED BY THE TRADITIONAL HANDICAP OF THE WESTERN ALLIES -- THE NEED TO MAKE POLICY IN COMMITTEE RATHER THAN BY EXECUTIVE DECISION AS IS THE CASE WITH INDIVIDUAL GOVERNMENTS.

R765OPES

A109 150

BERLIN, APRIL 4 (AP)-A COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN COURT TODAY SENTENCED A WEST GERMAN MERCHANT TO SIX YEARS IN PRISON ON CHARGES HE TRIED TO LURE HIS BROTHER, A NUCLEAR SCIENTIST, TO THE UNITED STATES. THE BROTHER IS NOW WORKING IN THE SOVIET UNION.

THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN SAID THE DISTRICT COURT IN DRESDEN FOUND WERNER POSE, 49, GUILTY OF URGING HIS BROTHER, PROF. HEINZ POSE TO ABANDON HIS POST AT THE EAST BLOC'S ATOMIC RESEARCH CENTER AT DUBNA NEAR MOSCOW. THE COURT DETAILED CHARGES AGAINST THE MERCHANT:

THE DEFENDANT ACTED IN BEHALF OF U.S. INTELLIGENCE WHEN HE OFFERED HIS BROTHER A WELL-PAID ASSIGNMENT AS A PROFESSOR IN AMERICA.

HE HAD MET HIS BROTHER SEVERAL TIMES BETWEEN 1953 AND 1958 IN EAST GERLIN. AT THESE MEETINGS HE ALSO TRIED TO RECEIVE SECRET RESEARCH INFORMATION ABOUT HIS BROTHER'S WORK IN THE SOVIET UNION.

THE SCIENTIST REFUSED TO FLEE WESTWARD AND TO SURRENDER THE REQUESTED INFORMATION.

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A122
(140)
BERLIN, APRIL 4 (AP)-TEN U.S. REPRESENTATIVES OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE LEFT TODAY EXPRESSING CONFIDENT IN THE PRESENT U.S. POLICY ON BERLIN.

THE CONGRESSMEN CLIMAXED A TOUR OF U.S. ARMY INSTALLATIONS IN FRANCE AND GERMANY WITH A THREE-DAY INFORMATION VISIT HERE.

"WE FOUND MORALE HIGH AND TRAINING LEVELS EXCELLENT THROUGHOUT THE ARMY UNITS VISITED, REP. WILLIAM C. BRAY (R-IND.) SAID.

REP. JEFFREY COHELAN (D-CALIF.) SAID IN A STATEMENT THE GROUP WAS GOING HOME "FULLY CONFIDENT IN OUR PRESENT POLICY ON BERLIN AND WITH A FIRM ATTITUDE ON THE BERLIN SITUATION."

THE CONGRESSMEN WERE FLYING BACK TO WASHINGTON IN A U.S. AIR FORCE TRANSPORT VIA THE PRESTWICK AIR FORCE BASE IN SCOTLAND.

OTHER MEMBERS OF THE GROUP INCLUDED: DANIEL B. BREWSTER (D-MD.), WALTER NORBLAD (R-ORE.), FRANK KOWALSKI (D-CONN.), FRED WAMPLER (D-IND.), SAMUEL S. STRATTON (D-N.Y.), FRANK J. BECKER (R-N.Y.), CHARLES E. CHAMBERLAIN (R-MICH.) AND ROBERT C. WILSON (R-CALIF.).

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A88
NIGHT LEAD CORRIDOR (360)
BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 4 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY DENIED A SOVIET CHARGE THAT AN AIR TRAFFIC HAZARD WAS CREATED WHEN AN AMERICAN TRANSPORT PLANE FLEW AT HIGH ALTITUDE TO WEST BERLIN MARCH 27, RELIABLE SOURCES REPORTED.

A WRITTEN MEMO WAS HANDED TO THE SOVIETS AT THE FOUR-POWER AIR SAFETY CENTER IN BERLIN.

IT ANSWERED A SOVIET PROTEST TO U. S. OFFICIALS AFTER AN AMERICAN C130 TURBOPROP HERCULES FLEW TO BERLIN, 110 MILES INSIDE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY, AT 25,000 FEET.

SOVIET JET FIGHTERS BUZZED THE AMERICAN PLANE AS IT CROSSED THE WESTERN AIR CORRIDOR TO AND FROM WEST BERLIN.

U. S. OFFICIALS PROTESTED TO THE RUSSIANS AGAINST WHAT THEY CALLED HARASSMENT. THE SOVIETS LODGED A COUNTER-PROTEST, SAYING THE AMERICANS HAD NO RIGHT TO FLY AT SUCH A HIGH ALTITUDE. THE RUSSIANS MAINTAIN THAT WESTERN PLANES FLYING TO AND FROM WEST BERLIN SHOULD STAY UNDER 10,000 FEET.

INFORMANTS SAID TODAY'S MEMO COULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A DIPLOMATIC NOTE, SINCE IT WAS DELIVERED ONLY AT THE LEVEL OF THE AIR SAFETY CENTER. THE MEMO WAS DESCRIBED AS FACTUAL AND MODERATE.

THE BUZZING INCIDENT THREATENED FOR A TIME TO BRING A NEW CRISIS IN THE CHARGED BERLIN SITUATION. THE RUSSIANS SAID THAT ATTEMPTS TO FLY PLANES TO BERLIN ABOVE 10,000 FEET WOULD RESULT IN COMPLICATIONS.

LATER THE SOVIETS BACKED AWAY FROM THE IMPLIED THREAT, SAYING BY COMPLICATIONS THEY HAD SAFETY IN MIND AND WERE CONCERNED ABOUT POSSIBLE COLLISIONS IN THE AIR. THEY SAID THE RED AIRCRAFT WERE OPERATING IN EAST GERMANY ABOVE 10,000 FEET.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAIDAT FIRST U. S. PLANES WOULD GO RIGHT ON FLYING THE CORRIDORS ABOVE 10,000 FEET. LATER THE DEPARTMENT SAID IT DID NOT KNOW WHETHER ANY FURTHER FLIGHTS AT HIGH ALTITUDES WERE PLANNED.

THE U. S. MEMO TODAY EXPLAINED THAT THE C130 IS DESIGNED TO CRUISE ABOVE 20,000 FEET AND THERE IS NO REASON FOR THE PLANE NOT TO FLY AT ITS NORMAL ALTITUDE.

WHETHER FUTURE FLIGHTS OF THE BERCULES PLANES TO BERLIN WILL BE UNDERTAKEN COULD NOT BE LEARNED. RESPONSIBLE SOURCES HERE INDICATED NO ONE WA IN ANY HURRY.

TODAY'S MEMO, WITH WHICH THE BRITISH AND FRENCH REPORTEDLY AGREED, REJECTED TWO RUSSIAN CLAIMS:

1. THAT THE C130 CREATED A HAZARD BY FLYING THROUGH THE CORRIDOR OVER 10,000 FEET.

2. THAT FLIGHTS ABOVE THAT ALTITUDE ARE A VIOLATION OF ANY EXISTING REGULATIONS.

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A104
BY HERB ALTSCHULL (270)
BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 4 (AP)-PAUL HOFFMAN SAID TODAY IT WILL TAKE 70 BILLION DOLLARS TO MAKE A START TOWARD EASING POVERTY IN THE BACKWARD NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

"THE PROBLEM IS ENORMOUS," HOFFMAN SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. "WE ESTIMATE THERE ARE 60 UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES AND 40 UNDERDEVELOPED TERRITORIES."

HOFFMAN IS DIRECTOR OF THE U.N. SPECIAL FUND, WHICH BEGAN WORK THE FIRST OF THE YEAR TO IMPROVE THE LOT OF PEOPLE ALL OVER THE EARTH.

HE IS IN EUROPE TO DISCUSS AID PROGRAMS WITH GOVERNMENT LEADERS AND SEEK LARGER CONTRIBUTIONS. THE TRIP WOUND UP HERE TODAY AFTER VISITS TO LONDON, BRUSSELS, PARIS, BERLIN AND GENEVA.

AS A STARTER HOFFMAN PROPOSED A 10-YEAR AID PROGRAM THAT WOULD INVOLVE TOTAL OUTLAYS OF 70 BILLION DOLLARS BY RICHER NATIONS.

THE U.N. FUND HAS ONLY 26 MILLION DOLLARS TO WORK WITH THIS YEAR. HOFFMAN HOPES TO INCREASE THIS TO MORE THAN 100 MILLION DOLLARS BY NEXT YEAR.

"FOR ANY AID PROGRAM TO BE EFFECTIVE IT CANNOT HAVE POLITICAL STRINGS," HOFFMAN SAID. "OUR OBJECTIVE IS TO ERASE POVERTY, NOT TO PEDDLE POLITICAL SYSTEMS."

HE ESTIMATED RICHER NATIONS CAN BE EXPECTED TO CONTRIBUTE 35 BILLION DOLLARS OVER THE NEXT 10 YEARS AND AN EQUAL AMOUNT MUST BE RAISED, POSSIBLY BY OUTLAYS BY PRIVATE CAPITAL.

"IN THE 100 UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES," HE SAID, "THE AVERAGE INCOME PER YEAR FOR EACH PERSON COMES TO ONLY $62."

THIS COMPARES WITH ABOUT $800 IN WESTERN EUROPE AND MORE THAN $2,000 IN THE UNITED STATES.

"IN THE LAST YEAR, INDUSTRIAL OUTPUT INCREASED BY 3 PER CENT IN THESE 100 LANDS WHILE THE BIRTH RATE WENT UP BY 2 PER CENT," HE SAID. "THIS IS A NET GAIN OF 1 PER CENT."

HE SAID THAT WITH AN OUTLAY OF 70 BILLION DOLLARS THE GAIN COULD BE INCREASED TO A NET OF 3 PER CENT BY THE END OF 1969.

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A124
NATO (159)
BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 4 (AP)--TROOPS FROM NINE NATIONS PARADED ALONG THE RHINE AT MAINZ TODAY ON THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION.

CHENCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER, IN A STATEMENT PRAISING THE PACT, DECLARED IT HAD BROUGHT GERMANY "INTO THE FAMILY OF FREE NATIONS" AND "GUARANTEES GERMAN PEACE, FREEDOM AND SECURITY."

"UNDER THE PROTECTION OF NATO," THE 83-YEAR-OLD CHANCELLOR SAID, "WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO ACCOMPLISH THE REBUILDING OF OUR LAND.

"WE WILL ACHIEVE REUNIFICATION IN PEACE AND FREEDOM IF WE ADHERE TO OUR NATO DUTIES."

LEADING THE 5,000 MARCHING TROOPS AT MAINZ WAS A BATTALION OF WEST GERMAN PARATROOPERS. OTHER UNITS INCLUDED THE "BLACK PANTHERS", AN AIRBORNE BATTLE GROUP OF THE CRACK U.S. 8TH INFANTRY DIVISION, BRITISH LIGHT INFANTRY, FRENCH VETERANS FROM INDOCHINA AND ALGERIA, DUTCH VETERANS FROM INDONESIA, BELGIAN GRENADIERS, AND CANADIAN, PORTUGUESE AND LUXEMBOURG DETACHMENTS.

GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, COMMANDER OF NATO FORCES IN EUROPE, REVIEWED A RIVER FLOTILLA OF FRENCH, BELGIAN AND WEST GERMAN FORCES.

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30.24- 6671

A83

NIGHT LEAD SENTENCED

BELGRADE, APRIL 4 (AP)-YUGOSLAVIA TODAY ANNOUNCED PRISON SENTENCES OF 6 TO 20 YEARS FOR 11 PERSMNS CONVICTED OF FORMING ILLEGAL POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS AND SPREADING HOSTILE PROPAGANDA.

AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE GROUPWAS INSPIRED AND HELPED FROM ABROAD, BUT DID NOT NAME THE COUNTRY.

THE TRIAL OF THE 11 WAS HELD IN ZENICA, A STEEL TOWN IN THE REPUBLIC OF BOSNIA-HERZEGOVIAN. TODAY'S ANNOUNCEMENT WAS THE FIRST OFFICIAL REPORT ON IT.

JE552PES

A135

(200)

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, APRIL 4 (AP)-HUNGARY IS RECONSIDERING ITS ANNOUNCED DECISION TO IMPOSE RESTRICTIONS ON AMERICAN DIPLOMATS HERE, THE HEAD OF THE HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY SAID TONIGHT.

PARTY SECRETARY JANOS KADAR WAS ASKED ABOUT RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES AT AN OFFICIAL RECEPTION CELEBRATING HUNGARY'S WORLD WAR II LIBERATION DAY.

"WE HAVE HEARD SOME SOBER WORDS AND NOW WE HAVE RECONSIDERED THE MATTER ONCE MORE, HE REPLIED.

KADAR DID NOT ELABORATE ON HIS STATEMENT OR SAY WHAT THE SOBER WORDS HAD BEEN.

U.S. CHARGE D'AFFAIRES GARRET G. ACKERSON JR. CHATTED WITH DIPLOMATS AND GUESTS AT THE RECEPTION, ONE OF THE FEW OFFICIAL HUNGARIAN PARTIES ATTENDED BY WESTERN DIPLOMATS.

HUNGARY'S INTENTION TO RESTRICT THE U.S. LEGATION HERE WAS ANNOUNCED JAN. 31 AFTER THE UNITED STATES HAD REJECTED A NOTE FROM THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT ON GROUNDS THAT IT WAS THREATENING. THE NOTE HAD SAID HUNGARY WOULD BE FORCED TO TAKE APPROPRIATE STEPS IF ITS RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES WERE NOT NORMALIZED.

THE FAILURE OF HUNGARY TO FOLLOW WITH ANY SPECIFIC DECLARATION OF WHAT THE RESTRICTIONS WOULD BE HAD INDICATED THAT THE COUNTRY'S LEADERS LATER HAD A CHANGE OF MIND.

KADAR ALSO SPOKE OF HUNGARY'S CAMPAIGN TO COLLECTIVIZE FARMERS AND DENIED THAT HARSH METHODS WERE BEING USED TO ROUND UP FARMERS INTO LARGE-SCALE FARMING PROJECTS.

G918PES

A87

(120)

BUDAPEST, APRIL 4 (APLACOMMUNIST HUNGARY TODAY PUT ON A MILITARY REVIEW TO MARK THE FOURTEENTH ANNIVERSARY OF "LIBERATION DAY" WHEN SOVIET ARMIES PUSHED THE NAZIS OUT OF HUNGARY.

RANKS OF BLACK-BOOTED SOLDIERS MARCHED STIFF-KNEED ACROSS WHAT ONCE WAS KNOWN AS STALIN SQUARE, BUT IS NOW NAMED DOZSA STREET AFTER A SIXTEENTH CENTURY REBEL PEASANT LEADER.

REVIEWING STANDS FOR GOVERNMENT AND COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS WERE ERECTED OVER THE BASE OF WHAT HAD ONCE BEEN A GIANT STATUE OF STALIN, DEMOLISHED IN THE 1956 ANTI-RUSSIAN REBELLION.

TAKING PART WAS A DETACHMENT FROM THE 37TH REVOLUTIONARY REGIMENT, REPUTED TO BE ONE OF THE FEW ARMY UNITS NOT SUPPORTING THE 1956 UPRISING.

REGULAR FIELD PIECES AND ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUNS UP TO 100 MM WERE PARADED, FOLLOWED BY SQUADS OF LIGHT TANKS. OVERHEAD, OLD MIG 15S AND ONE IL 28 BOMBER FLEW PAST.

BJ744AES

A121

LONDON, APRIL 4 (AP)-HUNGARY'S FIRST ATOMIC REACTOR HAS STARTED OPERATING IN BUDAPEST, MOSCOW RADIO SAID TODAY. IT WAS PURCHASED FROM THE SOVIET UNION AND ASSEMBLED BY SOVIET TECHNICIANS.

THE BROADCAST REPORTED THE TWO MEGAWATT REACTOR WILL BE USED FOR EXPERIMENTS AND PRODUCING RADIOACTIVE ISOTOPES.

MM1055PES

A31

(500)

IRAQI BUDGET

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, APRIL 4 (AP)-COMMUNISTS ARE INFILTRATING INTO THE IRAQ ARMY BY WINNING OVER THE ARAB EQUIVALENT OF GI JOE, ACCORDING TO REPORTS FROM BAGHDAD. AS A RESULT THERE MAY BE A "SERGEANTS' COUP" BUILDING UP IN THE OIL-RICH LAND.

THIS WOULD BE SOMETHING NEW FOR THE MIDDLE EAST.

IRAQI COMMUNISTS ARE THE FIRST REVOLUTIONARIES IN THE ARAB WORLD TO TRY TO TAKE OVER AN ARMY FROM THE GROUND UP. UNTIL NOW IT HAS BEEN ASSUMED THAT ONLY OFFICERS COUNTED IN ARAB ARMIES, AND THAT ANYONE WHO CONTROLLED THE OFFICERS CONTROLLED THE ARMY.

IRAQI COMMUNISTS ARE REPORTED TO HAVE A CONSIDERABLE NUMBER OF OFFICERS ON THEIR SIDE, BUT THEIR BIGGEST STRENGTH APPEARS TO BE AMONG THE ENLISTED MEN.

ACCORDING TO REPORTS IN THIS CAPITAL OF GAMAL ABDEL NASSER'S UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, SUCH COMMUNIST STRATEGY ALREADY HAS SCORED ONE SUCCESS. THEY GAVE THIS PICTURE:

IN THE ABORTIVE MOSUL ARMY REVOLT IN NORTHERN IRAQ LAST MONTH THERE WAS THE RARE SPECTACLE OF SERGEANTS AND CORPORALS TURNING AGAINST THEIR OFFICERS.

COMMUNIST ENLISTED MEN ARRESTED REBEL OFFICERS AT MOSUL AND TRIED THEM BEFORE "PEOPLE'S COURTS." ENLISTED MEN TEAMED UP WITH ARMED CIVILIAN "PEOPLE'S RESISTANCE" FORCES AND TURNED THE TIDE AGAINST REBEL NATIONALIST OFFICERS.

THE REVOLT HAS BECOME THE BASIS OF A FEUD BETWEEN NASSER AND IRAQI PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM. NASSER HAS BEEN ACCUSED OF INCITING THE REVOLT IN ORDER TO BRING IRAQ INTO THE U.A.R. NASSER HAS ACCUSED COMMUNISTS OF PLOTTING TO TAKE OVER IRAQ.

REPORTS FROM BAGHDAD SAY SYSTEMATIC SUBVERSION IN THE ARMY IS GOING AHEAD FULL SCALE. LARGE NUMBERS OF PRIVATES AND SERGEANTS--WHO COME FROM THE LOWEST ECONOMIC LEVEL IN IRAQ--ARE REGULARLY SEEN AT COMMUNIST MEETINGS.

AS A CONSEQUENCE PREMIER KASSEM MAY BE IN DANGER OF SLIPPING DEEPER INTO A COMMUNIST TRAP.

KASSEM'S TRUMP CARD HAS BEEN THE ARMY.

BEFORE THE MOSUL REVOLT HE WAS REPRESENTED AS BELIEVING HE COULD SAFELY PERMIT COMMUNISTS TO GET CONTROL OF STREET MOBS IN ORDER TO BALANCE OFF TROUBLESOME PRO-NASSER ARAB NATIONALISTS. KASSEM WAS SAID TO HAVE FELT THAT THE LOYALTY OF THE ARMY GAVE HIM ULTIMATE POWER IN THE CASE OF A SHOWDOWN WITH THE COMMUNISTS. BUT NOW IT MAY BE DOUBTFUL IF KASSEM CAN COUNT ON THE ARMY EVEN IF KEY OFFICERS ARE LOYAL.

THE REPORTED SUBVERSION OF ENLISTED MEN REPRESENTS A NEW PATTERN IN MIDDLE EAST "ARMY POLITICS." IT IS QUITE DIFFERENT FROM THE SUCCESSION OF MILITARY COUPS PULLED OFF IN THIS AREA SINCE 1949.

A VETERAN OBSERVER SUMMED UP THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF MIDDLE EASTERN MILITARY COUPS THIS WAY:

1. THE GENERAL'S COUP. THIS IS USUALLY LED BY THE ARMY COMMANDER IN CHIEF HIMSELF, WHO OFTEN IS A RELATIVE OF BIG LANDOWNERS OR BUSINESSMEN.

THE GENERAL'S COUP WILL BE CONSERVATIVE, AIMED AT STABILIZING THE STATUS QUO. TYPICAL OF THIS TYPE WAS IBRAHIM ABBOUD'S COUP IN SUDAN, OR AYYUB KHAN'S IN PAKISTAN.

2. THE COLONEL'S COUP. THIS INVOLVES A MUTINY AGAINST TOP COMMANDERS, AND USUALLY IS SUPPORTED BY JUNIOR OFFICERS WHO ARE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS OF MIDDLE CLASS SHOPKEEPERS, CIVIL SERVANTS, TEACHERS AND WHITE COLLAR WORKERS. IT IS APT TO BE AN INTENSELY NATIONALISTIC REVOLUTION IN MIDDLE CLASS INTEREST. NASSER'S REVOLUTION FALLS INTO THIS CATEGORY.

THE SERGEANT'S COUP WOULD BE AN UPRISING OF ENLISTED MEN AGAINST ESTABLISHED AUTHORITY. ENLISTED MEN COME FROM THE PEASANT AND WORKERS' CLASS, ACCUSTOMED TO BITTER POVERTY, HAVING NO STAKE IN THE PREVAILING ECONOMIC OR SOCIAL STRUGGLE.

NO SERGEANT'S COUP HAS YET TAKEN PLACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

MJ215PES

A42

AMS BUDGET (350)

ARAB LEAGUE (WITH CAIRO)

BY JOSEPH DYNAN

BEIRUT, LEBANON, APRIL 4 (AP)-SIX FOREIGN MINISTERS FROM ARAB LEAGUE NATIONS AGREED TODAY THE SITUATION IN IRAQ IS A SERIOUS DANGER TO OTHER ARAB COUNTRIES.

THE NEAREST THING TO A DISSENT CAME FROM SUDAN, WHICH CALLED THE LEAGUE'S FOREIGN MINISTERS TO MEET HERE TO TRY TO MEDIATE IN THE ANGRY DISPUTE BETWEEN IRAQ AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

THE SUDANESE SAID THEY AGREED WITH THE U.A.R. VIEW THAT THE COMMUNIST-TINGED REGIME IN IRAQ IS A THREAT, BUT THEY INDICATED THEY HAVE NOT ENTIRELY LOST HOPE OF ENDING THE FEUD.

ONE SOURCE SAID SUDAN IS SOUNDING OUT IRAQ, WHICH BOYCOTTED THE MEETING, ON WHETHER PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM WILL RECEIVE A COMMITTEE FROM THE LEAGUE. A REPLY IS EXPECTED FROM BAGHDAD IN TIME TO PRESENT TO TOMORROW'S SESSION.

IN THE ABSENCE OF ANY REAL OPPOSITION, THE U.A.R. DELEGATION APPEARED ON THE WAY TO ACHIEVING CAIRO'S GOAL AT THIS CONFERENCE--SUPPORT FROM THE OTHER LEAGUE STATES AGAINST BAGHDAD'S REGIME.

BUT ANY VICTORY WILL BE ONLY A PARTIAL ONE BECAUSE ONLY 6 OF THE 10 LEAGUE MEMBERS ARE REPRESENTED HERE.

IN ADDITION TO IRAQ, JORDAN AND TUNISIA DECLINED TO SEND DELEGATIONS. BOTH JORDAN AND TUNISIA BROKE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE U.A.R. AFTER ACCUSING PRESIDENT NASSER OF TRYING TO OVERTHROW THEIR GOVERNMENTS. LIBYA AGREED TO SEND A DELEGATION BUT IT NEVER HAS SHOWN UP.

THAT HAS LEFT THE U.A.R., LEBANON, SAUDI ARABIA, MOROCCO, SUDAN AND YEMEN TO MEET IN CLOSED SESSIONS IN LEBANON'S OFFICIAL GUEST PALACE.

A CONFERENCE SPOKESMAN SAID ALL DELEGATIONS SPOKE IN A GENERAL DISCUSSION OF THE ONE-POINT AGENDA--THE DISPUTE BETWEEN CAIRO AND BAGHDAD AND ITS EFFECTS ON THE ARAB WORLD.

STATEMENTS FROM FIVE OTHER DELEGATIONS EXPRESSED GENERAL AGREEMENT WITH U.A.R. CHIEF DELEGATE FARID ZEINEDDINE'S HOURLONG OPENING STATEMENT YESTERDAY, INFORMED SOURCES SAID. ZEINEDDINE CONFIRMED THIS LATER.

ZEINEDDINE'S STATEMENT ASSERTED THAT THE PRESENCE OF A COMMUNISTIC REGIME IN IRAQ CONFRONTS THE ARAB COUNTRIES WITH A NEW SORT OF IMPERIALISM THAT WOULD STRIVE TO EXTEND CONTROL TO OTHER ARAB NATIONS.

HE SAID CAIRO HAD SOUGHT TO HELP KASSEM AFTER THE JULY 14 REVOLT BUT KASSEM'S GOVERNMENT REPLIED WITH INSULTS AND THREATS TO U.A.R. NATIONALS IN IRAQ.

HIS STATEMENT EXPRESSED OPENLY NASSER'S FEAR THAT COMMUNISM MAY ATTEMPT TO SPLIT SYRIA OFF FROM THE U.A.R. IF LEFT UNMOLESTED IN BAGHDAD.

RJ313PES

1950

A134

~~PRECEDE TOKYO DAY~~ (270)

BAGHDAD, IRAQ, APRIL 4 (AP)-IRAQ DAILY IS FORGING CLOSER ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL LINKS WITH THE SOVIET BLOC.

IN PLACE OF THE EGYPTIANS AND NATIONALIST EXILES FROM OTHER ARAB COUNTRIES WHO USED TO FILL THE HOTEL LOBBIES HERE, THERE ARE DELEGATIONS FROM COMMUNIST CHINA, BULGARIA AND EAST GERMANY AND A SECOND STRING SOCCER TEAM FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

IRAQ AND RED CHINA SIGNED A CULTURAL AGREEMENT TODAY.

THE FIRST BATCH OF SOVIET EXPERTS IS DUE SOON TO BEGIN IMPLEMENTING A RECENTLY CONCLUDED IRAQ-SOVIET ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL AGREEMENT.

ALREADY THE HOMES OF THE BRITISH ADVISERS WHO WORKED WITH THE IRAQI ARMY BEFORE THE JULY REVOLUTION HAVE BEEN TAKEN OVER BY THE RUSSIAN EXPERTS. THEY ARE TEACHING THE ARMY HOW TO USE ITS RECENTLY PURCHASED SOVIET ARMS, THE EXODUS OF WESTERNERS CONTINUES, BUT THAT IS SOMETHING THAT BEGAN IN THE FIRST WEEKS AFTER THE REVOLUTION.

FOREIGN MINISTER HASHIM JAWAD AND OTTHER MODERATES IN THE GOVERNMENT INSIST PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM WANTS TO RETAIN THE OLD TIES WITH THE WEST IN ADDITION TO ADDING NEW ONES WITH THE EAST. EVEN THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR HAS BEEN QUOTED AS TELLING WESTERN DIPLOMATS RUSSIA DOES NOT WANT TO SUPPLANT WESTERNERS COMPLETELY.

THE HEAD OF THE EAST GERMAN DELEGATION THAT SIGNED A CULTURAL AGREEMENT WITH THE IRAQ THIS WEEK, EDUCATION MINISTER WIHELM GIRMUS, SAID ON LEAVING THAT IF THE IRAQIS USE THEIR RESOURCES PROPERLY "IRAQ WILL BECOME THE PARADISE IN THE MIDDLE EAST."

THE EAST GERMAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS PROVIDE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR IRAQI STUDENTS TO STUDY IN EASTERN COUNTRIES. VISITING DELEGATIONS ALSO ARE PRESENTING TECHNICAL LIBRARIES AND SIMILAR GIFTS TO IRAQ. THE NUMBER OF SOVIET CITIZENS IN BAGHDAD IS UNKNOWN, BUT IT IS CONSIDERABLE.

THOUGH THE MAIN FLOW OF IRAQ TRADE STILL IS WITH THE WEST, THERE HAS BEEN A CONSIDERABLE EFFORT TO ENLARGE IT WITH THE SOVIET BLOC.

G914PES

A135

(110)

GAZA, APRIL 4 (AP)-FOUR INDIAN SOLDIERS WITH THE U.N. EMERGENCY FORCE (UNEF) WERE INJUESTERDA IN A SCRAP WITH A GROUP OF GAZA ARABS OVER CUSTODY OF AN ARAB WOMAN.

A UNEF SPOKESMAN TODAY GAVE THIS ACCOUNT:

THE INDIAN PATROL TOOK THE WOMAN INTO CUSTODY AS SHE TRIED TO CROSS THE FRONTIER INTO ISRAEL. THE PATROL WAS DELIVERING HER TO EGYPTIAN AUTHORITIES WHEN IT WAS STOPPED BY GROUP OF 40 ARABS WHO TRIED TO RELEASE THE WOMAN.

IN THE ENSUING TUSSLE FOUR INDIANS WERE WOUNDED AND AN ARAB SLIGHTLY HURT. OTHER UNEF UNITS ARRIVED AND THE INDIANS WERE ABLE TO GO THROUGH.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID EGYPTIAN AUTHORITIES INVESTIGATED AND PROMISED TO TAKE SEVERE MEASURES AGAINST ARABS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INCIDENT.

G906PES

A197

NEHRU-KHRUSHCHEV

NEW DELHI, SUNDAY, APRIL 5 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SAID TODAY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV RECENTLY INVITED HIM TO VISIT MOSCOW BUT THAT HE REPLIED HE COULD NOT LEAVE INDIA THIS YEAR.

NEHRU TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE INVITATION WAS SENT THROUGH A SOVIET GOODWILL MISSION THAT TOURED INDIA LAST MONTH.

NEHRU SAID HE WOULD ALSO HAVE LIKED TO VISIT AFRICA AND LATIN AMERICA BUT THAT HE FOUND HE HAD "TOO MANY JOBS TO DO HERE IN INDIA."

WH253AES

30.24- 6673

A83
(150)
VIENTIANE, LAOS, APRIL 4 (AP)-"ASININE" WAS THE TERM USED TODAY BY THE DIRECTOR OF A U.S. MILITARY AID PROGRAM TO DESCRIBE COMMUNIST ACCUSATIONS THAT THE UNITED STATES IS BEEFING UP THE LAOS ARMY INTO AN AGGRESSIVE FORCE.
"IT WOULD TAKE THREE OR FOUR DAYS JUST TO BRING SOME OF THESE BATTALIONS TOGETHER," JOHN A HEINTGES, CIVILIAN PROGRAM CHIEF SAID.
PROPAGANDA BROADCASTS FROM PEIPING, HANOI AND MOSCOW SAY THE UNITED STATES IS BRINGING IN LARGE STOCKS OF EQUIPMENT AND PERSONNEL TO BOLSTER THIS NATION'S 25,000 MAN ARMY.
THE LAST U.S. SHIPMENT INCLUDED 10 JEEPS AND 10 TRUCKS IN MARCH TO REPLACE WORNOUT MATERIEL AND THE LAST PERSONNEL TO ARRIVE WERE EIGHT CIVILIAN TECHNICIANS, HEINTGES TOLD A REPORTER.
U.S. AID HERE IS ADMINISTERED SOLELY BY CIVILIANS AND THE ONLY U.S. MILITARY PERSONNEL IN THE COUNTRY ARE ATTACHED TO THE MILITARY ATTACHES' OFFICE AT THE U.S. EMBASSY IN VIENTIANE, HE SAID.
THE OFFICIAL SAID NO FURTHER INCIDENTS HAVE BEEN REPORTED FROM THE SOUTHEAST BORDER AREA WHERE THE COMMUNIST NORTH VIETNAMESE TROOPS INFILTRATED THREE MONTHS AGO AND ARE HOLDING THEIR POSITIONS.
GG727AES

A85
TOKYO, APRIL 4 (AP)-COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM TODAY SENTENCED ONE MAN TO DEATH AND SEVEN OTHERS TO PRISON TERMS OF ONE YEAR TO LIFE ON CHARGES OF SPYING, RADIO PEIPING REPORTED. TWO OTHER MEMBERS OF AN ALLEGED ESPIONAGE RING WERE ACQUITTED, THE BROADCAST SAID
IT CLAIMED THE DEFENDANTS, ARRESTED LAST NOVEMBER, WERE GIVEN AMERICAN NAMES BY "U. S. ESPIONAGE ORGANIZATIONS."
JE552PES

A70
(200)
SEOUL, APRIL 4 (AP)-POLICE TODAY ARRESTED TWO REPORTERS OF THE CATHOLIC-BACKED NEWSPAPER KYUNGHYANG SHINMOON ON SUCPISION OF VIOLATING THE NEW NATIONAL SECURITY LAW.
POLICE SOURCES SAID THEY WERE THE FIRST NEWSPAPERMEN ARRESTED AND HELD FOR INVESTIGATION OF WRITING ARTICLES THAT POSSIBLY VIOLATE THE RECENTLY ENACTED SECURITY LAW.
THE CONTROVERSIAL LAW WAS PASSED BY THE RULING LIBERAL MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY LAST CHRISTMAS EVE AFTER CLASHES WITH OPPOSITION DEMOCRATS.
THE DEMOCRATS AND THE PRESS BITTERLY OPPOSED THE LAW WHICH THEY FEARED WOULD INFRINGE UPON BASIC CIVIL RIGHTS INCLUDING PRESS FREEDOM.
THE TWO REPORTERS EARLIER THIS WEEK WROTE ABOUT TWO ALLEGED RED AGENTS BEING QUESTIONED BY AUTHORITIES.
POLICE SOURCES SAID THE WRITERS WERE BEING QUESTIONED ON THE SUSPICION OF VIOLATING TWO ARTICLES OF THE SECURITY LAW.
ONE ARTICLE, THESE SOURCES SAID, CONCERNS FACILITATING THE ESCAPE OR HIDEOUT OF COMMUNIST AGENTS WITH PENALTY EQUAL TO THE AGENT THUS HELPED.
THE OTHER, THESE SOURCES SAID, CONCERNING STEALING OF RECORD'S FROM INVESTIGATION AUTHORITIES, STIPULATES A MAXIMUM 10 YEARS IMPRISONMENT.
THE KYUNGHYANG SHINMOON EDITORIALLY SUPPORTS VICE PRESIDENT CHANG MYUN, RANKING LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION DEMOCRATIC PARTY.
642AES

A41 (NR)
(240)
WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND, APRIL 4 (AP)-THE CHAIRMAN OF SEATO'S MILITARY ADVISERS SAID TODAY SOUTHEAST ASIA WAS NOT DIRECTLY AFFECTED BY COMMUNIST CHINESE MILITARY INTERVENTION IN TIBET.
BUT BY ITS ACTION IN TIBET, RED CHINA HAS SHOWN HER "CONTEMPT FOR NEUTRALISTIC OPINION," MAJ. GEN. C. E. WEIR, A NEW ZEALANDER, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AT THE END OF THE SEATO MILITARY ADVISERS' THREE DAY SECRET MEETING.
WEIR SAID THE SOUTHEAST ASIAN DEFENSE ALLIANCE COULD COPE WITH ANY MILITARY THREAT BY PEIPING, BUT WARNED THAT OTHER THREATS--SUBVERSION AND INSURGENCY--WERE MORE IMMEDIATE.
HE DEFINED INSURGENCY AS SUBVERSION ACCOMPANIED BY ARMED VIOLENCE.
WEIR SAID ONE OF SEATO'S ROLES IN COMBATING THESE "NEW FORMS OF WAR" WAS THE PHYSICAL PRESENCE OF ITS MILITARY MIGHT ASSURING PEOPLE "THAT THEY WILL NOT HAVE THEIR MINDS CHANGED BY ARMED FORCE."
THE MILITARY ADVISERS WILL SIGN A REPORT OF THEIR MEETING ON TUESDAY FOR PRESENTATION TO THE CONFERENCE OF SEATO MINISTERS MEETING HERE WEDNESDAY, WEIR SAID.
"WE HAVE HAD A VERY SUCCESSFUL CONFERENCE AND HAVE MADE CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS IN THE WORK WE SET OUT TO DO," HE SAID.
SEATO IS PLANNING ITS TRAINING EXERCISES TWO TO THREE YEARS AHEAD, AND SOME EXERCISES WILL INVOLVE GROUND TROOPS, WEIR SAID.
APPROVED EARLIER AT THE MEETING WAS A PLAN FOR MORE TRAINING EXERCISES BY MEMBER ARMED FORCES. SEATO NAVAL EXERCISES LATER THIS MONTH WILL BE THE LARGEST THE ALLIANCE HAS EVER HELD. THIRTY SHIPS FROM FIVE NATIONS WILL PARTICIPATE IN EXERCISE SEA DEMON APRIL 10 TO APRIL 29.
SEATO NATIONS ARE AUSTRALIA, FRANCE, NEW ZEALAND, PAKISTAN, THE PHILIPPINES, THAILAND, BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.
G436AES

A123WX
-95-
TRAVEL BAN
WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY RUSSIA HAS RELAXED TO A LIMITED EXTENT ITS BAN OF TRAVEL BY FOREIGN DIPLOMATS.
THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO EASE ITS RETALIATORY BAN BY PERMITTING SOVIET EMBASSY OFFICIALS TO TRAVEL TO SOME AMERICAN CITIES, A STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID.
THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE U. S. EMBASSY AT MOSCOW HAD REPORTED THE SOVIETS HAVE PERMITTED THE TRAVEL "OF SOME EMBASSY PERSONNEL TO CERTAIN PLACES." HE COULD NOT ELABORATE.
THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE LET TWO AMERICAN EMBASSY ATTACHES FLY TO BAKU AND OTHER PLACES IN THE CAUCASAS.
RUSSIA HALTED THE TRAVEL OF FOREIGN DIPLOMATS OUTSIDE MOSCOW, EXCEPT TO LENINGRAD, APRIL 1. THE UNITED STATES PROMPTLY RETALIATED BY FORBIDDING SOVIET OFFICIALS HERE TO TRAVEL OUTSIDE WASHINGTON, EXCEPT TO NEW YORK. IT WAS BELIEVED HERE THAT THE REASON FOR THE RUSSIAN RESTRICTIONS WAS THAT THE SOVIET ARMY WAS CARRYING OUT EXTENSIVE SPRING MANEUVERS.
"WE ARE FOLLOWING CLOSELY THE DEVELOPMENTS OF SOVIET POLICY ON THIS SUBJECT AND INTEND PROMPTLY TO RELAX OUR TEMPORARY LIMITATIONS TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY RELAX THEIRS," THE SPOKESMAN SAID.
HE SAID THE UNITED STATES FOLLOWED THE RUSSIAN EXAMPLE ONLY RELUCTANTLY AND IN RETALIATION.
THE SOVIETS INTRODUCED THE PRESENT SYSTEM OF CLOSED AND OPEN ZONES IN 1953, AFTER STALIN'S DEATH. THIS COUNTRY THEN ADOPTED SIMILAR RESTRICTIONS.
IN NOVEMBER, 1957, THE UNITED STATES PROPOSED THAT BOTH COUNTRIES ABOLISH THE SYSTEM OF CLOSED AREAS. IN MAY, 1958, THIS GOVERNMENT SUGGESTED A CITY-BY-CIGY REDUCTION OF CLOSED AREAS. THE SOVIETS DID NOT REPLY.
A1121AES

A93WX

(200) RUSSIAN PLANES

WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-THE NAVY SAID TODAY IT KNOWS NOTHING OF RUSSIAN PLANE SURVEILLANCE OVER A SOVIET FISHING FLEET WORKING NEAR THE PRIBILOF ISLANDS OFF THE ALEUTIAN CHAIN.

THIS COMMENT BY THE NAVY, MADE IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS BY NEWSMEN, SEEMED TO BE AT VARIANCE WITH A STATEMENT BY SEN. WARREN G. MAGNUSON (D-WASH).

THE SENATOR SAID YESTERDAY THAT RUSSIAN PLANES ARE KEEPING SURVEILLANCE OVER THE FISHING BOATS IN THE PRIBILOF AREA.

THAT INFORMATION, MAGNUSON SAID, CAME FROM ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS. HE QUOTED BURKE AS SAYING ALSO THAT THE SOVIET FISHING FLEET NUMBERS ABOUT 50 FISHING CRAFT AND 14 SUPPORT VESSELS.

REPORTERS ASKED THE NAVY ABOUT THE REPORTED SOVIET PLANE ACTIVITY. TODAY, AFTER OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD CONSULTED WITH BURKE, A SPOKESMAN GAVE THIS ANSWER:

"THE NAVY IS NOT AWARE OF ANY RUSSIAN AND AIR SURVEILLANCE OF THE RUSSIAN FISHING FLEET IN THE AREA OF THE PRIBILOF ISLANDS. THE RUSSIANS ARE, HOWEVER, FREE TO OPERATE IN INTERNATIONAL AIR SPACE."

MAGNUSON, AT SEATTLE, SAID THE INFORMATION ABOUT THE RUSSIAN PLANES CAME FROM HIS WASHINGTON OFFICE.

"IT IS COMMON KNOWLEDGE," THE SENATOR SAID, "THAT THE RUSSIANS FLY AROUND THE BERING SEA AND PROBABLY DROP SUPPLIES TO BOATS AT SEA. THE RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN PATROLING FROM THE KAMCHATKA PENINSULA OUT INTO THE BERING SEA FOR MONTHS.

"THE NAVY MIGHT NOT WANT TO SAY ANYTHING ABOUT IT."

CZ&RZ633PES

A110WX (ADVANCE)

(1,400) ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY APRIL 5; NOTE DATE

1959

SECRECY

BY ELTON C. FAY

ASSOCIATED PRESS MILITARY AFFAIRS WRITER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 4 (AP)-A THICK CLOUD OF SECRECY CONTINUES TO SURROUND MANY OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S FAR-FLUNG OPERATIONS.

MUCH OF IT IS NOT JUSTIFIED BY NATIONAL SECURITY REASONS, AS OFFICIALS THEMSELVES ACKNOWLEDGE.

NEWSMEN KEEP TRYING TO PENETRATE THE VEIL, AND SOMETIMES SUCCEED.

MANY REASONS HAVE BEEN GIVEN FOR THE HUSH-HUSH POLICY, AND NOW OFFICIALDOM HAS COME UP WITH A NEW ONE:

TO PROVIDE SCIENTISTS TIME TO WRITE UP INTRICATELY WORDED REPORTS UNDERSTOOD ONLY BY OTHER SCIENTISTS ON RESEARCH PROJECTS FINANCED BY PUBLIC FUNDS AND OF DIRECT CONCERN TO THE PUBLIC.

ON MARCH 18, THE WHITE HOUSE FINALLY ISSUED A REPORT BY THE PRESIDENT'S SCIENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE AND THE INTERNATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL YEAR COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES. IT DESCRIBED THE PURPOSES AND GAVE SOME OF THE SCIENTIFIC FINDINGS IN PROJECT ARGUS, THE DETONATION OF THREE ATOMIC CHARGES IN THE EDGE OF SPACE.

THE SCIENTISTS WERE LOOKING FOR THE EFFECTS OF EXPLOSION IN NEAR-VACUUM AND ALSO STUDYING THE RELEASE OF HIGH ENERGY PARTICLES IN THE MAGNETIC FIELD OF THE EARTH.

THE EXPERIMENTS, UTILIZING NUCLEAR WARHEADS FOR ROCKETS PRODUCED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND FIRED FROM SHIPS OF A NAVY TASK FORCE, WERE MADE LAST AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER.

IT NOW IS APPARENT THAT THE PRESIDENTIAL COMMITTEE, THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT, THE AEC AND THE SCIENTISTS PROPOSED TO KEEP ALL INFORMATION SECRET UNTIL APRIL 27. AT THAT TIME THE SCIENTISTS WOULD HAVE SUMMARY PAPERS READY FOR READING AT A MEETING OF THE IGY GROUP OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

BUT THE DILIGENCE OF THE NEW YORK TIMES, WHICH PUBLISHED ACCOUNTS OF PROJECT ARGUS ON MARCH 8, BLASTED ASIDE THE SECRECY.

DONALD QUARLES, THE DEPUTY DEFENSE SECRETARY, GRANTED A NEWS CONFERENCE AT WHICH HE SAID, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THAT:

--PUBLICATION OF THE STORY BEFORE THE PENTAGON WAS READY TO MAKE ITS OWN ANNOUNCEMENT WASN'T "PLAYING THE GAME WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE JUST THE WAY I WOULD LIKE TO SEE IT PLAYED."

--THE DEPARTMENT WANTED TO GIVE THE SCIENTISTS TIME TO COMPOSE THEIR OWN DETAILED, TECHNICAL REPORTS -- "WE DON'T PROPOSE TO SCOOP THEIR PUBLICATION."

--THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT IS "TO CLEAR ALL THE INFORMATION TO THE PUBLIC THAT THE PUBLIC IS INTERESTED IN," WITH CONSIDERATION FOR NATIONAL SECURITY.

--NO, HE WASN'T "SAYING PRECISELY" THAT PUBLICATION OF THE NEWS BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT WAS READY TO ANNOUNCE IT WAS AGAINST THE NATIONAL INTEREST.

THIS WAS THE THIRD OCCASION IN RECENT MONTHS IN WHICH THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAS USED MILITARY SECRECY EXCUSES TO WITHHOLD INFORMATION WHICH, WHEN FINALLY ANNOUNCED, WAS DESCRIBED AS CONCERNING MATTERS ALMOST ENTIRELY SCIENTIFIC, NOT MILITARY.

THIS PATTERN OF MANIPULATING THE TIMING OF NEWS ANNOUNCEMENTS TO FIT HIGH LEVEL POLICY IS NOT CONFINED TO ANY SINGLE SERVICE. INDEED, THE WORKING LEVELS IN THE PUBLIC RELATIONS ORGANIZATIONS OF THE MILITARY OFTEN SEEM TO BE AS MISINFORMED BY HIGHER OFFICIALS AS THE NEWSMEN.

ON MARCH 24, A NEWSMAN ASKED THE NAVY ABOUT A REPORT THAT ONE OF ITS NUCLEAR SUBMARINES WAS ENGAGED IN A NEW AND DRAMATIC EXPERIMENT. THE OFFICIAL REPLY THEN WAS THAT NO NUCLEAR SUBMARINE WAS ENGAGED IN ANY NEWSWORTHY OPERATION WHICH COULD BE REPORTED.

FOUR DAYS LATER, IT WAS LEARNED RELIABLY THAT THE SUBMARINE SKATE WAS RETURNING FROM HER SECOND ARCTIC UNDER-ICE CRUISE WHICH INCLUDED SURFACING SEVERAL TIMES THROUGH THIN PLACES OR OPEN WATER IN THE WINTER ICE PACK.

THE STORY WAS REPORTED AND THE NAVY HASTENED TO RUSH OUT AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT, AUGMENTED BY A THICK FILE OF MATERIAL WHICH OBVIOUSLY HAD BEEN PREPARED IN ADVANCE.

FOUR DAYS EARLIER THE NAVY HAD SAID NO NEWSWORTHY EVENT WAS IN PROGRESS. HOWEVER, IT HAD PREPARED THE ADVANCE MATERIAL AND IT HAD PUT ABOARD THE SKATE A PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER FROM NAVY HEADQUARTERS HERE.

ON DEC. 18, THE AIR FORCE LAUNCHED FROM CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., AN ATLAS MISSILE. IT CARRIED ALOFT A RESEARCH VEHICLE WHICH WENT INTO ORBIT AND BECAME THE FAMOUS "TALKING SATELLITE" FROM WHICH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S TAPE RECORDED VOICE WAS BROADCAST BACK TO EARTH.

ABOUT NINE HOURS BEFORE THE MISSILE WAS FIRED, A NEWSMAN TOLD AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS THERE WAS A WELL-FOUNDED REPORT THE FIRING WOULD BE A SATELLITE ORBITING ATTEMPT.

THE ANSWER, HE GOT, IT LATER DEVELOPED, WAS A DELIBERATE UNTRUTH. A SPOKESMAN, RELYING ON INFORMATION GIVEN HIM BY HIGHER AUTHORITIES, TOLD THE REPORTER THE LAUNCHING WAS TO BE A ROUTINE, LONG RANGE TRIAL OF A STANDARD ATLAS TEST MISSILE.

THE REASON FOR THE FALSEHOOD IS APPARENT. THE DESIRE WAS TO SPRING A DRAMATIC SCIENTIFIC FEAT TO DAZZLE THE WORLD. BUT IF THE ATTEMPT FAILED, IT COULD BE SAID THAT THE ATLAS FIRING WAS ONLY A ROUTINE SHOT IN THE WEAPON DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

ONE REASON GIVEN FOR THE WITHHOLDING OF INFORMATION ABOUT UNCOMPLETED PROJECTS IS THAT PUBLICATION WOULD BE EMBARRASSING IF THE PROJECT FAILED OF FULFILLMENT -- A SITUATION WHICH OCCURS MOST OFTEN IN THE MISSILE AND SATELLITE LAUNCHING FIELD. WITH RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES CONTESTING FOR INTERNATIONAL PRESTIGE IN THE SCIENTIFIC WORLD, MERIT MAY BE FOUND IN SOME INSTANCES.

MILITARY OFFICIALS ARE FRANK ON THAT POINT. CMDR. R. D. MCWETHY, SUBMARINE EXPERT WHO GAVE NEWSMEN A BRIEFING ON THE SKATE'S VOYAGE, SAID THE TRIP WAS "NEVER PARTICULARLY SENSITIVE" -- MEANING THAT THERE WAS NO ACTUAL MILITARY SECRECY REQUIREMENT.

BUT MCWETHY ADDED THAT THE NAVY DIDN'T WANT TO ADVERTISE IN ADVANCE THAT IT WAS GOING TO TRY THE TRIP "AND THEN FALL ON OUR FACE." HOW WOULD THE TRIP HAVE "FALLEN ON ITS FACE"? THE COMMANDER SAID "THE WORST THING WOULD HAVE BEEN IF THEY DIDN'T COME BACK."

DID HE INTEND TO SAY THE NAVY WOULD HAVE MADE NO ANNOUNCEMENT IF THAT HAD HAPPENED?

"WE WOULD HAVE HAD TO," MCWETHY REPLIED.

WHAT ALL OF THIS SEEMS TO SUM UP TO IS A CHANGE IN THE METHOD OF CONCEALMENT OR WITHHOLDING OF INFORMATION. UNTIL RECENT MONTHS THE PRACTICE OF THE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN TO PARRY A QUESTION BY SIMPLY DECLINING TO ANSWER OR BY SAYING THAT THE SUBJECT COULD NOT BE DISCUSSED BECAUSE IF WAS OF SECRET NATURE.

THE TECHNIQUE NOW APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN BROADENED TO INCLUDE USE OF THE LITTLE LIE.

THERE ARE SOUND REASONS FOR SECRECY ON SUBJECTS WITH WHICH THE PUBLIC AND THE PRESS OBVIOUSLY AGREE. THEY ARE NOT ALL CONFINED TO CONDITIONS OF WARTIME. THEY INCLUDE:

TO PREVENT REVELATION OF THE CAPABILITY AND PERFORMANCE OF A WEAPON UNTIL IT IS OBVIOUS THAT POTENTIAL ENEMIES KNOW ABOUT IT. AN EXAMPLE IS A NEW WARPLANE, WHICH MUST BE FLOWN EVENTUALLY IN FULL VIEW OF THE PUBLIC.

TO CONCEAL TROOP, SHIP OR AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS, TAKEN AS PRECAUTIONARY STEPS, UNTIL THEY ARE IN INTENDED POSITION. AN EXAMPLE WAS THE DEPLOYMENT OF FORCES TO LEBANON.

TO PREVENT PREMATURE DISCLOSURE OF PROGRAMS WHICH MIGHT BE INFLUENCED IF PUBLICATION OF PLANS WERE MADE PREMATURELY. A FAMILIAR CASE HERE IS THE EFFORT TO KEEP QUIET PLANS FOR ACQUISITION BY THE GOVERNMENT OF LAND. SPECULATION CAN SKYROCKET THE ASKING PRICE FOR LAND IF THERE IS ADVANCE WORD OF PLANS.

BUT THE EXAMPLE OF CASES IN WHICH INFORMATION IS SUPPRESSED OR CONCEALED BEHIND A SECRECY STAMP WHEN NO QUESTION OF NATIONAL SECURITY EXISTS ARE MANY. HERE ARE SOME PRACTICES EVIDENT IN THE PAST AND SOME OF WHICH PERSIST:

KEEPING INFORMATION FROM THE PUBLIC DOMAIN WHICH COULD BE EMBARRASSING TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR AGENCY BUT WHICH DOES NOT CONCERN SECURITY.

WITHHOLDING PENTAGON ANNOUNCEMENTS ON SUCH THINGS AS MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PLANS UNTIL INTERESTED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS CAN MAKE THEIR OWN ANNOUNCEMENT -- A POLITICALLY USEFUL TECHNIQUE.

RESORTING TO SECRECY TO PREVENT DISCLOSURE OF SITUATIONS INVOLVING RIVALRY BETWEEN THE ARMED FORCES. THE PICTURE DESIRED IN THIS IS ONE OF "TEAM WORK," IN WHICH THERE IS NO COMPETITION FOR ROLES, WEAPONS OR PRESTIGE.

-113WX

WITHHOLDING OF THE DISCLOSURE OF A NEW WEAPON OR TECHNICAL ACHIEVEMENT UNTIL IT CAN BE USED TO SEASON AN OTHERWISE DULL SPEECH BY AN OFFICIAL.

CONCEALING FOR AS LONG AS POSSIBLE, PLANS WHICH COULD HAVE POLITICAL IMPACT, INVOLVING ACTION IN LABOR SITUATIONS OR POTENTIAL CIVIL DISTURBANCES.

DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND ARMY OFFICIALS WERE ANGRY WHEN NEWS OF DEPLOYMENT OF ARMY TROOPS TO LITTLE ROCK WAS PUBLISHED BEFORE THE ARMY WAS PREPARED TO MAKE ITS OWN ANNOUNCEMENT AND EXPLANATION.

J. R. WIGGINS, EXECUTIVE EDITOR OF THE WASHINGTON POST, WHO HAS BEEN A LEADING SPOKESMAN IN BEHALF OF FREEDOM OF INFORMATION, WARNS OF THE DANGER TO A CITIZENRY WHICH COMES FINALLY TO ACCEPTING MEEKLY THE DECISION THAT GOVERNMENT IS NONE OF THE BUSINESS OF THE CITIZEN.

30.24- 6675

IN AN ARTICLE WRITTEN FOR THE FEDERAL BAR JOURNAL, WIGGINS SAYS:

"THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT AND RELATED ESTABLISHMENTS TRADITIONALLY HAVE BEEN MARKED BY GREATER SECRECY THAN OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES... THE DEFENSE OPERATIONS HAVE COME TO INVOLVE SOME TWO-THIRDS OF THE FEDERAL EXPENDITURES AND TWO-THIRDS OF ALL FEDERAL PERSONNEL. SECRECY IN SO LARGE A PART OF GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS HAS ENORMOUS CONSEQUENCES ON POLICY...

"THE QUARREL HERE IS OVER THE DEGREE OF SECRECY ALLOWABLE IN A DEMOCRATICALLY GOVERNED COUNTRY. THAT SOME SECRECY IN THE CONDUCT OF DEFENSE PREPARATION AND PLANNING MUST BE EXERCISED IS WIDELY CONCEDED. IT IS IMPORTANT THAT GOVERNMENT WISELY DECIDE HOW MUCH IS NECESSARY AND HOW NECESSARY SECRECY IS TO BE ADMINISTERED."

END ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY APRIL 5; SENT MARCH 29

EG&CZ855PES

A170

NEW YORK, APRIL 4 (AP)-ITALY'S FOREIGN MINISTER SAID TONIGHT HIS COUNTRY PREFERS THE RISK OF ATOMIC ATTACK BY RUSSIA TO THE DANGER OF COMMUNIST DOMINATION.

ITALY ACCEPTED U.S. MISSILES WITH THIS PREFERENCE IN MIND, SAID GIUSEPPE PELLA. HE SPOKE AT A DINNER GIVEN HIM BY THE AMERICA-ITALY SOCIETY.

HE SAID 15 NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY NATIONS MEETING IN WASHINGTON THIS WEEK ARE UNITED UNDER U.S. LEADERSHIP. ITALY IS A NATO MEMBER.

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A129LA

(260)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 11 P.M. EST TONIGHT)

(ADVANCE)... LOS ANGELES, APRIL 4 (AP)-FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN SAID IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A BANQUET HERE TONIGHT THAT THE U.S. FOREIGN AID PROGRAM IS "THE MOST IMMEDIATE AND URGENT UNDERTAKING OF THE GOVERNMENT.

"WE SHOULD LEAVE NO OPENING FOR THE KREMLIN TO DISPLACE US IN THE EXTENSION OF ECONOMIC AID WHEREVER OUR SECURITY AND INTERDEPENDENCE ARE IMPORTANT TO THE FREE WORLD," HE DECLARED AT THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR AND INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION BANQUET.

"WHILE THE SOVIET COMMUNIST ECONOMIC AID POLICY IS TIED WITH THEIR PLANS TO DOMINATE, OUR INTEREST ON THE OTHER HAND IS TO HELP CREATE OPPORTUNITIES FOR WORLD PROSPERITY IN WHICH WE AND ALL FREE PEOPLES CAN SHARE," HE ADDED.

"IF WE FAIL TO UNDERSTAND THIS HISTORIC MOMENT AND ACT ACCORDINGLY, WE WILL HAVE REASON TO REGRET IT. THIS IS THE AREA IN WHICH THE KREMLIN MAY CAUSE MORE TROUBLE TO THE FUTURE OF THE FREE WORLD THAN PERHAPS COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH ALL THE MISSILES AND COLD WAR PROPAGANDA THAT ANY RUSSIAN DICTATOR CAN THINK UP."

THE FORMER CHIEF EXECUTIVE, WHO WILL BE 75 NEXT MONTH, ADDED THIS PIECE OF ADVICE:

"WE SHOULD BE ACTING WITH MORE IMAGINATIVE MEASURES IN THE FIELD OF WORLD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT . . . THIS IS A TIME FOR ACTION. WE MUST MAKE DECISIONS AND KEEP ON MAKING THEM.

"INEVITABLY, SOME MISTAKES WILL BE MADE, BUT NO GREATER MISTAKE CAN BE MADE IN A DYNAMIC WORLD THAN TO HESITATE AND MAKE NO DECISIONS.

"IT IS MUCH BETTER TO MOVE THAN TO SIT STILL AND DO NOTHING. A MISTAKEN DECISION CAN BE REMEDIED BY A NEW ONE. NO DECISION AT ALL

SETS NOWHERE."

TRUMAN, HERE FOR A SERIES OF SPEECH-MAKING ENGAGEMENTS, SAID THE HORROR OF A NUCLEAR WAR "HAS ACTED AS A BRAKE ON THOSE WHO WOULD IMPETUOUSLY RESORT TO WAR TO GAIN IMPERIALIST SOVIET EXPANSION."

FH&6PPS

(590) A113

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 8:30 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, SATURDAY, APRIL 4)

(ADVANCE)...TEMPLE, TEX., APRIL 4 (AP)-"IF YOU GET TO READ THIS, I WILL HAVE DIED IN DEFENSE OF MY COUNTRY AND ALL THAT IT STAND FOR--THE MOST HONORABLE AND DISTINGUISHED DEATH A MAN CAN DIE."

THOSE ARE THE OPENING WORDS OF THE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT OF ONE OF WORLD WAR II'S MOST FAMED SOLDIERS. THEY WERE MADE PUBLIC FOR THE FIRST TIME TODAY IN A COPYRIGHTED STORY IN THE TEMPLE DAILY TELEGRAM BY WOODY MONTGOMERY.

THE SOLDIER WAS CAPT. HENRY T. WASKOW OF NEARBY BELTON, TEX., KILLED ON THE BATTLEFIELD IN ITALY DEC. 14, 1943. COLUMNIST ERNIE PYLE WROTE AN UNFORGETTABLE ACCOUNT OF HOW WASKOW'S BODY, LASHED TO THE BACK OF A MULE, WAS BROUGHT DOWN A MOONLIT ITALIAN MOUNTAIN TRAIL.

1959

THE SOLDIERS FELT COMPELLED TO APPROACH THEIR DEAD CAPTAIN, HOLD HIS HAND AND TELL HIM OF THEIR GRIEF. WHY THEY FELT THIS MAY BE EXPLAINED IN THESE WORDS FROM WASKOW'S TESTAMENT TO HIS FAMILY:

"THROUGH GOOD FORTUNE AND THE GRACE OF GOD, I WAS CHOSEN A LEADER - - AN HONOR THAT MEANT MORE TO ME THAN ANY OF YOU WHO WILL EVER KNOW. IF I FAILED AS A LEADER, AND I PRAY GOD I DIDN'T, IT WAS NOT BECAUSE I DID NOT TRY. GOD ALONE KNOWS HOW I WORKED AND SLAVED TO MAKE MYSELF A WORTHY LEADER OF THESE MAGNIFICENT MEN...

"I FELT SO UNWORTHY, AT TIMES, OF THE GREAT TRUST MY COUNTRY HAD PUT IN ME..."

THE WASKOW STORY WAS REPRINTED IN MANY BOOKS AND NEWSPAPERS AND BECAME THE BASIS FOR A MOVIE, "G.I.JOE." BUT, THE TEMPLE TELEGRAM LEARNED, THE FAMILY WITHHELD THE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT. THEY REGARDED IT "AS SO PERSONAL THEY VOWED TO KEEP IT FROM THE PRYING EYES OF THE PUBLIC UNTIL IT IN ITSELF MIGHT HELP SOME MOTHER OR HER SOLDIER SON."

THE TELEGRAM SAID THE FAMILY CONSENTED TO RELEASE WASKOW'S MESSAGE WITH THIS VIEW IN MIND.

OF WASKOW'S DEATH, PYLE WROTE:

"IN THIS WAR I HAVE KNOWN A LOT OF OFFICERS WHO WERE LOVED AND RESPECTED BY THE SOLDIERS UNDER THEM. BUT NEVER HAVE I CROSSED THE TRAIL OF ANY MAN AS BELOVED AS CAPT. HENRY T. WASKOW OF BELTON, TEX."

THAT LOVE WAS RETURNED BY WASKOW. TWICE IN HIS LAST WILL HE CALLED HIS MEN MAGNIFICENT. ONE PASSAGE READS:

"AS I SAID A COUPLE OF TIMES IN MY LETTERS HOME, 'WHEN YOU REMEMBER ME IN YOUR PRAYERS, REMEMBER TO PRAY THAT I BE GIVEN STRENGTH CHARACTER AND COURAGE TO LEAD THESE MAGNIFICENT AMERICANS.' I SAID THAT IN ALL SINCERITY AND I HOPE I HAVE PROVED WORTHY OF THEIR FAITH, TRUST AND CONFIDENCE."

PYLE WROTE THAT WHEN WASKOW'S BODY WAS BROUGHT DOWN FROM THE MOUNTAIN, HIS MEN SEEMED RELUCTANT TO LEAVE THE SCENE.

"THEY STOOD AROUND, AND GRADUALLY, I COULD SENSE THEM MOVING, ONE BY ONE, CLOSE TO CAPTAIN WASKOW'S BODY. NOT SO MUCH TO LOOK, I THINK, AS TO SAY SOMETHING IN FINALITY TO HIM AND TO THEMSELVES...

"'I'M SORRY, OLD MAN,' ONE OF THEM SAID AS HE LOOKED DOWN INTO WASKOW'S FACE.

"THEN THE FIRST MAN SQUATTED DOWN, AND HE REACHED DOWN AND TOOK THE CAPTAIN'S HAND. AND HE SAT THERE FOR A FULL FIVE MINUTES HOLDING THE DEAD HAND IN HIS OWN...AND HE NEVER UTTERED A SOUND ALL THE TIME HE SAT THERE."

WASKOW, 25 WHEN HE DIED, WORKED HIS WAY THROUGH TEMPLE JUNIOR COLLEGE AND TRINITY UNIVERSITY. HE HITCH-HIKED BACK HOME REGULARLY TO ATTEND NATIONAL GUARD DRILLS. FOUR BROTHERS--AUGUST, PAUL, JOHN AND GEORGE--AND THREE SISTERS, MRS. ESTELLE BARR, MRS. T.H. BARR AND MRS. ALBERT TIPPITT--LIVE IN THE BELTON AREA. HIS MOTHER DIED TWO MONTHS AFTER HE WAS KILLED.

DW/MW701PCS NM